



ROAD RULES AND SIGNS

WATCH FOR THESE SIGNS
THEY WARN YOU IN ADVANCE
GEORGIA HIGHWAY MARKERS

STANDARD COLORS
YELLOW
AND BLACK

SIZE OF MARKERS
24 X 24
INCHES

STOP

NO PASSING WHEN YELLOW LINE IS RIGHT OF CENTER LINE

STOP FOR SCHOOL BUS

KEEP TO RIGHT

SPEED ZONE AHEAD

TELEPHONE POLES ARE PAINTED AS ABOVE FOR GUIDANCE THROUGH CITIES AND TOWNS.

SPEED LIMIT ON STATE HIGHWAYS 55 MILES PER HOUR. NON-RESIDENT DRIVERS OF VEHICLES, PROPERLY REGISTERED UNDER LAWS OF ANOTHER STATE, ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION FOR 30 DAYS.

ALL RAILROAD CROSSINGS ARE CLASSED AS SAFE OR UNSAFE. A DEAD STOP IS REQUIRED AT ALL UNSAFE CROSSINGS. AN OPERATOR OF A MOTOR VEHICLE SHALL NOT PASS ANOTHER VEHICLE UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES ON TOP OF A HILL OR ON A CURVE WHEN THE WAY IS NOT CLEAR.

Georgia



Editorial

The State Highway Department of Georgia presents you this map of our highway system and extends to all travelers an invitation to use it as a guide to many points of interest. Georgia has a great array of attractions and its friendly people are eager to share them. Space here permits mentioning only a few points of interest. There are other points of equal importance and interest where visitors will be welcomed.

Every section can be reached the year 'round over some of the 8000 miles of paved and well-marked highways. Georgia has sea shores, lakes and mountains, and its altitude ranges from sea level to 4,768 feet on Brasstown Bald.

The mild climate promotes festivals featuring the rose, tulip, azalea, dogwood, peach, peanut and other floral and agricultural products; golf tournaments; hunting and fishing. Recreational visitors to Georgia can take their horseback riding by mountain lakes or under mossy live oaks; their hiking along the Appalachian Trail; their fishing in surf, lake or mountain stream.

The State Highway Department and the people of Georgia invite the motorists of America to visit Georgia and see for themselves the natural beauty and bountiful resources of field, forest and mine, and extensive products of industry. Excellent educational institutions are located in all parts of our commonwealth.

Copies of this map may be obtained from the State Highway Department, No. 2 Capitol Square, Atlanta; or any Chamber of Commerce or Motor Club in the State.

Current detour information may be obtained from the State Highway Department, Atlanta, or the Division Offices of the State Highway Department, located at Gainesville, Augusta, Macon, Savannah and Tifton.

State Patrol Headquarters

Location	Telephone	Location	Telephone
Atlanta	WA. 5333	Reidsville	110
Griffin	2121	Thomsonville	192
LaGrange	1232	Donalsonville	118
Cartersville	171	Tifton	616
Dalton	448	Perry	100
Villa Rica	7961	Washington	115
Gainesville	226	Swainsboro	2061
Toccoa	186	Dublin	99
Madison	15	Sylvania	29
Americus	3212	McRae	377
Waycross	4	Hinesville	62
Blacksburg	378	Newnan	928
Canton	500	Cedarturn	86
Blue Ridge	2941	Thomson	26
Thomaston	859		

A Few Points of Interest

STATE CAPITOL BUILDING: Atlanta—Houses also the State Library and State Museum of Natural History.—6-E.

THE CYCLOPEDIA: A circular mural in Great Park, Atlanta, 50 feet high and 400 feet in circumference, depicts the Battle of Atlanta.—6-E.

STONE MOUNTAIN: Near Atlanta is the world's largest solid body of exposed granite, rising 800 feet above its surroundings. A sculptured memorial to Confederate Leaders has been started on one side.—6-E.

INDIAN SPRINGS: A historic spa near Jackson, known to the Creek Indians for its medicinal value, ceded to the State in 1825. Said to be the only Indian land ceded by them for park purposes.—9-G.

WARM SPRINGS: The curative powers of these waters were found so beneficial in the treatment of infantile paralysis by Franklin D. Roosevelt that the property was developed for the nation. The Warm Springs Foundation was incorporated in 1927.—10-D.

LITTLE WHITE HOUSE: Warm Springs—Near the Foundation, set amid some of the most beautiful scenery in the State, was the Georgia home of President Franklin D. Roosevelt. This is the most famous house in Georgia and thousands have visited it since it was built in 1933.—10-D.

INDIAN MOUNDS: South of Macon on U. S. Route 80, in the Ocmulgee National Monument, there are many Indian Mounds that are being explored under the supervision of the National Park Service.—10-H.

BIG APPLE: Cornelia—A monument erected in tribute to the apple growing industry in northeast Georgia.—3-H.

FARMERS MARKET: Atlanta—Owned and operated by the State. This is the largest State farmers market in the United States. Current sales are almost two million dollars a month.—6-E.

LANIER'S OAK: Brunswick—The tree under which Sidney Lanier received inspiration for his poem "The Marshes of Glynn." Nearby are the beaches of St. Simon and Sea Island, and the remains of Fort Frederica.—17-P.

TOBACCO MARKETS: In many South Georgia sections the chanting auctioneers can be heard in the Summer.

FORESTS: The scenery of the State is enhanced by the verdant forest growth that covers 66% of its land.

HERTY LABORATORY: Savannah—This noted laboratory has perfected many processes for making paper from pine trees.—13-O.

TOCCOA FALLS: Near Toccoa—One of the most beautiful falls in the State. Toccoa Creek cascades over a precipice 186 feet high.—3-I.

CHRIST CHURCH: Savannah—Organized in 1733, John Wesley, rector, in 1736 organized here what is believed to be the first Protestant Sunday School in the world.—13-Q.

SAVANNAH: One of Georgia's seaport cities and is the place where General Oglethorpe first settled. Symmetrically laid out by Oglethorpe, the city is one of great beauty with its parks, its avenues of palms and its old homes. There is a memorial marking the spot where General Oglethorpe landed.

THE WREN'S NEST: Atlanta—The home of Joel Chandler Harris, the nationally famous author of "Uncle Remus Stories".—6-E.

THE GEORGIA SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY: Atlanta—Engineering branch of the University System of Georgia. Founded in 1885 and nationally recognized for its high curriculum.—6-E.

OLD STATE CAPITOL: Milledgeville—Seat of State Government from 1807 to 1868, now home of a military school.—9-L.

CHICKAMAUGA AND CHATTANOOGA NATIONAL MILITARY PARK: On U. S. Route 27 near Chattanooga, extending along the highway for three miles. Established by an Act of Congress in 1890. It was the scene of one of the bloodiest battles of the War of the States.—1-B.

TALLULAH GORGE: Tallulah Falls, on U. S. Route 23. One of the most beautiful scenic attractions in the State. Tallulah River once flowed over the sheer rock precipice but has since been diverted through a tunnel to develop hydro-electric power.—2-I.

WESLEYAN COLLEGE: Macon—Wesleyan College was the first chartered women's college to grant degrees in the United States.—10-G.

BERRY SCHOOLS: Near Rome, started by Martha Berry in 1902 to enable mountain boys and girls to earn their expenses while getting their education. Large donations have been made by many philanthropists and the 32,000-acre campus is one of the largest in the world.—4-B.

CAVE SPRINGS AND CHATTAHOOCHEE NATIONAL MILITARY PARK: A few miles southwest of Rome. Established in 1847 by Legislative Act. Here is located a famous cave which reportedly furnished saltpeter for gun powder used by the Southern Armies. In the cave is a spring so large that it pumps its own water into the city reservoir, has enough left to supply a large swimming pool and then flows off as a large stream.—5-B.

FORT MOUNTAIN: Near Chatworth—On top of the mountain are the ruins of a stone fort. Its origin is an unsolved mystery.—2-D.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS MEMORIAL: Crawfordville—Location of Liberty Hall, home of Alexander H. Stephens, Vice-President of the Confederacy.—7-K.

GEORGIA STATE PARKS: Furnished overnight cabins are available at the following parks: NAME OF PARK Located Near: Pine Mountain State Park—10-D. Hamilton • Chipley Vogel State Park—2-G. Dalton • Blairsville • Cleveland • Waycross • Macon • Little Ocmulgee State Park—13-J. • Chatsworth • Crawfordville • Magnolia Springs State Park—10-M. • Irwinville • Jefferson Davis Memorial State Park—15-I. • Albany • Chat Park and Game Refuge—15-F. • Blakely • Kolomoki Mounds State Park—16-C. * Further development to be made.

