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I. INTRODUCTION

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Metropolitan Planning Program (MPP), Title 49 U.S.C. Section 5303 was authorized by Congress to provide financial assistance for transit planning and technical studies in urban and non-urban areas. It is the primary source of Federal financial assistance to help urban and non-urban areas plan, develop, and improve comprehensive public transportation systems.

Under the planning provisions of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act, A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), the State is the Designated Recipient (DR) and is the only entity eligible to apply for and receive MPP and State Planning and Research Program (SPRP) assistance directly from FTA. Although FTA makes MPP grants directly to States, the State is required by law to distribute these funds to each UZA, or portion a UZA, within the State, according to a formula developed by the State in cooperation with the MPO and approved by FTA. Under MPP program, only an MPO is eligible to receive MPP assistance directly from the State. The State recipient enters into sub agreements with subrecipients, consistent with applicable requirements of law.

The urbanized areas in Georgia eligible for assistance under Section 5303 include Albany, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Brunswick, Columbus, Dalton, Gainesville, Hinesville, Macon, Rome, Savannah, Valdosta and Warner Robins. This is in accordance with the joint Federal Transit Administration (FTA)/Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Metropolitan Planning Regulations published on October 28, 1993, and with the urban transportation study planning process as administered by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

GDOT and the Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) developed an apportionment formula at the beginning of the 1991 ISTEA era and the formula has been approved by the FTA. Based upon the formula allocations, the FY 2012 distribution of FTA Section 5303 funds is illustrated in Table A.

Funding Distribution

Hold Harmless figures are based on an agreement set by all FTA and all MPO’s approval. Distribution is based on population factor. Each MPO will receive a minimum of $25,000 increased to $30,000 if an MPO has a transit system and increased to $40,000 if an MPO is a TMA.

---

1 Public Law No. 103-272, dated July 5, 1994 codified the Federal Transit Act as amended as Chapter 53 of Title 49 of the United States Code has resulted in new citations for all Federal Transit Laws. The Public Law repealed the Federal Transit Act and related provisions and reenacted them as Chapter 53 of Title 49 U.S.C. There were no substantive changes to the Law due to codification.
It is in the national interest to encourage and promote the development of efficient transportation systems. These systems should encompass various modes of transportation such that the mobility of people and goods within and through urbanized areas is maximized, while minimizing transportation-related fuel consumption and air pollution.

To accomplish this objective, Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPO) in cooperation with the State, must develop transportation plans and programs for urbanized areas in the State. The plans and programs should provide for the development of all transportation facilities, including
bikeways and walkways that will function as an intermodal transportation system for the State, the Metropolitan Areas and the Nation.

The process for developing such plans and programs should be a *continuing, cooperative* and *comprehensive* effort and provide for all modes of transportation.

**Call for Project**

The Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) is pleased to announce a Call for Projects for the Section 5303 Discretionary funds on a competitive basis for transit projects that develop and support transit planning and technical studies for Metropolitan Planning Organizations that plan, develop, and improve efficient public transportation systems of the state. Using a specific evaluation criterion, project applications will be ranked by a committee comprised of Department staff.

**Criteria for Projects**

A Call for Projects is included as part of the Section 5303 Administrative Guide for the additional $100,000 in Section 5303 funds. Discretionary proposed projects should cover the PURPOSE OF PLANNING outline on page 4 in the FY 2012, 5303 Administrative Guide. The proposed project or plan should lead to the development of an integrated intermodal transportation system, identification of a transit multimodal or intermodal facilities, financial plan, assessment of capital investment, or transit enhancement activities. All projects must conform to FTA guidelines.

Projects must come from an approved Statewide Transportation Improvement (STIP) and/or Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), and with reasonable notice and opportunity to comment on the proposed project to the public and interested parties. GDOT’s criteria and evaluating points are illustrated in Table B below. Proposals under the Call for Projects for the $100,000 should be submitted to the Division of Intermodal no later than **Tuesday, February 15, 2011**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria</th>
<th>Weight (Points)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Goals and Objectives</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identified in STIP and / or Local</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Improvement Program</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation Plan</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ability of Applicant</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish Products / Deliverables</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table B
II. FTA METROPOLITAN PLANNING PROGRAM (MPP) DESCRIPTION

Program Administration

The Office of Intermodal Programs, GDOT is responsible for administering FTA’s MPP in Georgia.

Applicant Eligibility/Submission

Applicants for Section 5303 funds must be local public bodies or agencies thereof. Completed applications for FY 2011 based on an approved Unified Planning Work Program should be submitted to the Division of Intermodal no later than Tuesday, February 15, 2011.

Eligible Grant Activities

MPP assistance is for a balanced and comprehensive intermodal transportation planning and technical studies which relate to the movement of goods and people in metropolitan areas. Eligible work elements include but are not limited to:

1. Studies related to management, operations, capital requirements, and economic feasibility of public transportation projects;
2. Evaluation of previously funded projects;
3. Improvements that enhance the usability and community-friendliness of transit system environments including improved pedestrian and bicycle access to the transit station;
4. System analysis;
5. TIP development;
6. Short and long range transportation plan development;
7. Major investment studies/NEPA requirements;
8. Air Quality planning and conformity planning;
9. Analysis of social, environmental and economic factors related to transportation and travel;
(10) Multimodal facilities planning;
(11) Public involvement planning;
(12) Joint development planning; and
(13) Computer hardware and software as needed by the planning activities.

### Funding Distribution

Funding ratios for Section 5303 planning assistance is Federal (80%), State (10%), and Local (10%).

### Local Match Requirement

The ten percent (10%) local share must be from sources other than Federal funds.

### III. PURPOSE OF PLANNING

The purpose of transit planning is to explore and develop solutions to transportation problems that have been identified. It has been determined that significant transit improvements are necessary to achieve national goals for improved air quality, energy conservation, international competitiveness, mobility for elderly persons, persons with disabilities, and economically disadvantaged persons in rural and urban areas. Metropolitan plans and programs should result in the development of transportation facilities which will function as an intermodal transportation system for the State, the metropolitan areas and the Nation.

Short range planning which spans a 1 to 3 year time frame should encompass a majority of the planning effort in small and medium sized urbanized areas. Long range planning covers a minimum period of 20 years. In developing a transit planning program, six factors should be considered:

1. Local goals and issues;
2. Area characteristics - population, economics, land use, etc.;
3. Transportation system characteristics - physical and operating conditions of the system, coordination and coverage, user travel trends, etc.;
4. Consideration of a range of realistic transportation solutions;
5. Constraints on planning;
a) General - limitations due to manpower, computer facilities, available technical tools and financial resources;

b) Administrative and legal requirements; and

c) External effects - the impact of the planning work on action plans in effect should be considered.

(6) Existing planning process - the allocations of resources should be consistent with the established planning capabilities and programs in the area.

To be effective, planning must be oriented to specific issues rather than to broad generalities. This can only be done in a dynamic process that is responsive to changing conditions, policies and local attitudes or to unforeseen circumstances.

The goal of the urban transportation process should be to ensure that decision makers are made aware of the results and consequences of transportation options. The options explored deal with issues of transit capital programs, transit operations, management and financing.

IV. PRIMARY PLANNING PRODUCTS

Three major documents will be produced by the MPO planning process. They are the Unified Planning Work Program, (UPWP), Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) and Long Range Plan (LRP). Other products will be produced through the planning process at the MPO.

Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP)

The UPWP describes urban transportation and transportation-related air quality planning activities to be undertaken during the next one or two year period regardless of funding sources or agencies conducting the work. These documents should not be merely a compilation of the various planning work programs focused on specific work elements or activities. The UPWPs should be developed in sufficient detail to indicate the objectives, the methodology, products, and agency responsibility for work projects.

The local UPWPs support the Statewide Section 5303 grant application and should describe the following for each work task:

(1) Objective(s) of the work element or activity;
(2) Previous Work
(3) Methodology
(4) Products
(5) Staffing
(6) Financial Responsibility
(7) Functional Agency Responsibility
Annually, FTA reviews each of the UPWPs in Georgia which becomes the approved Metropolitan Work Program. FTA evaluates the following:

1) Planning activities should be programmed which support required actions emanating from a minimum twenty-year horizon long range transportation plan (the Plan) which conforms to Environmental Protection Agency air quality standards;

2) Description of each discreet task (in simple narrative sentence(s). Note that not only “new” actions, but also “carry-over” actions listed in previous programming documents must be described, for each UPWP should be independent and comprehensive; new actions should be clearly line item and differentiated from carry-over actions.

3) Amount of FTA planning funds sought to support each planning action/task in the current FY; note that administrative costs including indirect overhead costs should be spread across tasks, and not listed as a separate task (though at the option of the author, you may indicate an overhead rate applicable across the board to all activities, then extend for the totals).

4) FTA Program (e.g. Section 5307, etc.) funds are unsatisfactory when a specific task to be funded from more than one source is mixed with another program. It is necessary to indicate FTA funding associated with each program source.

5) Cumulative amount of FTA funds previously drawn to support each task during past fiscal years (for multi-year tasks which produce specific deliverables); note that amounts should be identified in terms of the year of federal allocation and year of expenditure.

6) Product/Deliverable that will be derived from the planning effort (e.g. study, model, UPWP, TIP, etc);

7) Schedule indicating progress for multi-year tasks, including date when FTA can expect completion of the planning action/task; here, we seek a completion date rather than an expression of the duration of time expected for completion (e.g. “the study will be completed by April 30, 2012” rather than “the study will require six months to complete”).

8) Indication that FTA funds are being used efficiently for the programmed tasks rather than being banked.

9) Planning should be accomplished within the environment of robust public involvement in compliance with the MPO Public Involvement Program endorsed through the Planning Certification Review process.
10) Inclusion of tasks addressing **FTA’s Eight Transportation Planning Factors** (See page 11-12).

Any carryover activities from previous fiscal year grants should be explicitly identified in the UPWP. Normally, Section 5303 funds should be used to finance planning activities, however, planning activities to be funded under Title 49 U.S.C. Section 5307 should be included in the UPWP for purposes of coordination of transportation efforts in the area. Descriptive information should be in sufficient detail appropriate for the size and complexity of the urbanized area.

**Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)**

According to SAFETEA-LU, the MPO, in cooperation with the State and the local transit operator, must develop a Transportation Improvement Program for the area. In developing the program, the MPO should provide citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of transportation agency employees, other affected employee representatives, private providers of transportation and other interested parties with a reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed program.

The TIP should include a priority list of highway and transit projects to be carried out within at least a 4-year period after the initial adoption of the TIP. It should also have a financial plan demonstrating how the TIP can be implemented as well as a listing of reasonably expected funding sources.

For areas of less than 200,000 populations, multimodal project selection from the TIP involving Federal participation will be carried out by the State in cooperation with the MPO and must be coordinated and in conformance with the TIP for the area. For areas of more than 200,000 populations, project selection will be carried out by the MPO in consultation with the State.

Transit projects proposed should be consistent with the Long Range Plan for the area. Projects are to be included only if full funding can be reasonably anticipated to be available within the time frame of project completion.

Transportation Improvement Programs should be financially constrained by year and include financial information to demonstrate which projects are to be implemented using current revenues and which projects are to be implemented using proposed revenue sources. It should contain all capital and non-capital transportation projects proposed for funding under Title 49 U.S.C. except transit planning grants under Section 5303 or 5313(b).

The TIP and Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) should contain all regionally significant transportation projects requiring action by the FTA. For information purposes, the document should include all regionally significant transportation projects proposed to be funded with Federal funds other than those administered by FHWA or FTA and if appropriate, projects to be funded with non-Federal funds.

Before approving the TIP, reasonable notice and opportunity to comment on the proposed program should be given to all interested and affected parties, including freight shippers and
users of public transit. Programs properly adopted into the local TIP will be included in the STIP. Federal transportation funds may be expended only for projects that are listed in the STIP. Federal funds are made available for transit projects in other than urbanized areas under the Section 5311; Program for Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities under the Section 5310 Program. MPOs should include all Section 5310 and Section 5311 projects operating in the MPO affected area, which includes areas expected to be urbanized within twenty years, in the local TIP. Projects listed in the local TIP will be included in the STIP. Federal transportation funds may be used for Section 5311 and 5310 projects only if they are included in the STIP.

SAFETEA-LU Programs: Section 5316 & Section 5317

Section 5316 is the Job Access and Reverse Commute (JARC) program. The purpose is to provide funding for local programs that offer job access and reverse commute transportation services for low-income individuals who may live in the city core and work in suburban locations. It replaces section 3037 under TEA-21 which was discretionary. This will be formula-based. Both urbanized and non-urbanized areas will be eligible. Project funds can be allocated for either capital or operating assistance. Federal funding will cover 80% of project cost for capital and 50% of project cost for operating. Also 10% of project funds may be used for planning, administration and technical assistance. MPO’s interested in these programs must submit a locally-coordinated human services transportation plan. Applicants will be awarded on a competitive basis.

Section 5317 New Freedom Program is designed to encourage services and facility improvements to address the transportation needs of persons with disabilities that go beyond those required by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Funds are allocated through a formula based upon population of persons with disabilities. It applies to both urbanized and non-urbanized areas. A locally developed human service transportation plan is required and projects are awarded on a competitive basis. Projects can be utilized for capital or operating assistance. Federal funding will pay for up to 80% of capital costs and up to 50% of operating assistance. Ten percent of project costs may be used for planning, administration and technical assistance. Examples of projects may include: supporting voucher programs for transportation services offered by human service providers; and providing paratransit service beyond minimum requirements (3/4 mile to either side of a fixed route), including for routes that run seasonally.

Long Range Plan (LRP)

Each MPO must prepare a transportation plan addressing at a minimum, a 20-year period for its metropolitan area. The plan should include both short-range and long-range strategies/actions that lead to the development of an integrated intermodal transportation system that facilitates the efficient movement of people and goods. The plan must be updated at least every five years in attainment areas and every three years in nonattainment and maintenance areas.

The Long Range Plan should contain four elements: 1) identification of transportation facilities, 2) financial plan, 3) assessment of capital investments and 4) proposed enhancements. These are outlined below:
(1) **Identification of Transportation Facilities** - including but not limited to major roadways, transit, multimodal and intermodal facilities that should function as an integrated metropolitan transportation system giving emphasis to those facilities that serve important national and regional transportation functions. In formulating the long range plan, MPOs should consider the 4 broad areas as they relate to a 20-year forecast period.

(2) **Financial Plan** - that demonstrates how the long-range plan can be implemented, indicates resources from public and private sources that are reasonably expected to be made available to carry out the plan, and recommends any innovative financing techniques to finance needed projects and programs, including such techniques as value capture, tolls and congestion pricing.

(3) **Assessment of Capital Investment** - to ensure the preservation of the existing metropolitan transportation system, including requirements for operational improvements, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of existing and future major roadways, as well as operations, maintenance, modernization and rehabilitation of existing and future transit facilities. This effort should also make the most efficient use of existing transportation facilities to relieve vehicular congestion and maximize the mobility of people and goods.

(4) **Enhancement Activities** - indicate as appropriate, proposed transportation enhancement activities.

In addition to the above, the transportation plan should address the following:

(a) Identify projected demand of persons and goods in the MPO area;

(b) Identify adopted congestion management strategies that demonstrate a systematic approach in addressing current and future transportation demand;

(c) Identify pedestrian walkway and bicycle facilities;

(c) Reflect consideration given to the management systems;

(d) Assess capital investment and other measures to preserve the existing transportation system;

(e) Include design concept and scope descriptions of all existing and proposed transportation facilities in sufficient detail to develop cost estimates;

(f) Reflect a multimodal evaluation of the transportation, socioeconomic, environmental and financial impact of the overall plan;
(g) Indicate that the design concept and scope of incomplete major investment analysis have not been fully determined and will require further analysis;

(h) Reflect consideration of the area's comprehensive long-range land use plan and metropolitan plan objectives including State and National goals and strategies for housing, community development, employment linkage of low income households with employment opportunities and energy conservation;

(i) Indicate, as appropriate, proposed transportation enhancement activities; and

(j) A financial plan that demonstrates the consistency of proposed transportation investments with already available and projected sources of revenue.

In metropolitan areas that are designated as nonattainment areas under the Clean Air Act, the MPO will coordinate the development of the long range plan with the process for the development of the transportation control measures of the State Implementation Plan (SIP) required by the Clean Air Act.

Prior to plan approval, the MPO should provide citizens, affected public agencies, representatives of transportation agency employees, private providers and other interested parties a reasonable opportunity to comment on the long-range plan.

Each long-range plan prepared by a MPO should be published or readily available for public review. It should also be submitted to the Governor for information.

**Corridor or Sub-Area Planning Study**

Under Section 1308 of TEA-21, MPOs, states, or public transportation operators may undertake a multimodal systems-level corridor or sub-area planning study as part of the transportation planning process. These studies involve consultation with each jurisdiction, as is necessary. The results or decisions of these studies may be used as part of the project development process consistent with NEPA.

**Eight Transportation Planning Factors**

The metropolitan transportation planning process shall be continuous, cooperative, and comprehensive and provide for consideration and implementation of projects, strategies, and services that will address the following factors:

1. Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency while promoting consistency among
transportation improvements and state and local planned growth and economic development patterns.

(2) Increase the safety of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users.

(3) Increase the security of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users.

(4) Increase the accessibility and mobility of people and for freight.

(5) Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.

(6) Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.

(7) Promote efficient system management and operation.

(8) Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system.

Transportation Coordination – United We Ride

In February 2004, President Bush issued Executive Order (EO) 13330 on Human Service Transportation Coordination to improve transportation for those that are transportation disadvantaged, by improving the coordination of transportation services provided under programs in ten Federal Departments. The goals of the Executive Order are to simplify access to transportation services, reduce duplication and overlap, and improve the effectiveness of the transportation services provided. In response to the EO, the DOT with its partners at the Department of Health and Human Services, Labor, Education, and elsewhere, launched the United We Ride (UWR) initiative. To assist States and communities in moving forward, FTA and the other Federal partners introduced an initiative that included a Framework for Action, a self-assessment tool for States and communities; the National Leadership Forum on Human Service Transportation Coordination; State Coordination Grants; and Technical Assistance.

V. Other Planning Areas

In addition to the above transportation planning factors, other planning areas developed by FTA are offered in this section to guide local areas in outlining their overall program study scope and in developing the Unified Planning Work Programs. Planning programs should provide transit operators and local governments with technical information relative to capital programming, transit operations, management and financing. An additional function is to provide assistance in addressing local compliance with those regulations that are required as a condition of Federal funds. The following is a listing of additional topics which local areas may use in the development of transit-related projects.
1. Safety and Security in the Transportation Planning Process

FTA and FHWA are working together to advance the state-of-the-art-practice in addressing safety and security in the metropolitan and statewide planning processes through workshops and case studies. Under SAFETEA-LU, safety and security are no longer grouped together but are stand-alone factors that will “increase the safety of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users”; and “increase the security of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users”. Safety and Security are two of the eight planning factors under SAFETEA-LU. A good web site to reference in terms of transportation safety planning is from the Transportation Research Board (TRB), http://tsp.trb.org/. Another good web site along the same topic is the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) at http://ite.org/safety/default.asp. On the other hand, a good reference for transportation security related issues is contained in an article from the TRB, entitled, “Incorporating Security into the Transportation Planning Process”, last modified 8/27/2009, at the following TRB link: http://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/nchrp/nchrp_rpt_525v3.pdf. It is NCHRP Report 525, volume 3.

2. Environmental Mitigation/Environmental and Community Impact

Under SAFETEA-LU there is a requirement for addressing Environmental Mitigation Activities. Metropolitan and statewide transportation plans shall include a discussion of types of potential environmental mitigation activities and potential areas to carry out these activities, including activities that may have the greatest potential to restore and maintain the environmental functions affected by the plan. This discussion shall be developed in consultation with Federal, State, and tribal wildlife, land management, and regulatory agencies.

Local planning processes are encouraged to give early consideration of the natural environment and communities affected by transportation planning and project activities. Air Quality issues are a key concern in some metropolitan areas. Coordinated planning for transportation and land use management will help to create sustainable communities with protection of natural resources, concentration of new development in suitable areas, and control of sprawls with infill development of underutilized areas. State and local officials may choose to evaluate their decision-making process to determine how well it responds to community needs, as called in the Livable Communities initiative. Consideration may be given to joint development of transportation infrastructure projects along with facilities providing goods and services to communities and neighborhoods.
3. Consultation with Non-Metropolitan Local Officials

On February 14, 2007, FTA and FHWA issued a Final Rule on the Joint Planning Regulations, which can be accessed at the following link:

This final rule amends the January 3, 2003 Joint Planning Regulation published in the Federal Register. Each State shall have a documented process (es) that implements consultation with non-metropolitan local officials in statewide planning process and development of the statewide transportation improvement program and long-range statewide transportation plan by July 1, 2007. The FTA and FHWA will not review or approve the consultation process (es); however, copies of the process should be provided for information purposes. Since consultation is a vital issue, each state shall review its documented process and solicit comments regarding the effectiveness of its consultation process as of February 24, 2006, and thereafter, at least once every five years. A specific request for comments shall be directed to the State association of counties, state municipal league, regional planning agencies, or directly to non-metropolitan local officials. The state should also consult with Indian tribal governments in development of the long-range statewide transportation plan and STIP.

4. Enhancing the Technical Capacity of the Planning Process

Reliable information on current and projected usage and performance of transportation systems is critical to the ability of planning processes to supply credible information to decision-makers to support preparation of plans and programs that respond to their localities’ unique needs and policy issues. To ensure the reliability of usage and performance data, as well as the responsiveness of policy forecasting tools, an evaluation is needed of the quality of information provided by the technical tools, data sources, forecasting models, as well as the expertise of staff to ensure its adequacy to support decision-making. And if this support is found to be lacking, the responsible agencies within metropolitan and statewide planning processes are encouraged to devote appropriate resources to enhancing and maintaining their technical capacity.

The metropolitan and statewide transportation planning processes have become critical tools for responding to increasingly complex issues at the State and local levels. Many of these issues are encompassed in previously listed planning emphasis areas (e.g., integrated planning and environmental processes, management and operations, analytical tools and methods) and include much more. The FTA and FHWA have created the Metropolitan Capacity Building (MCB) Program, and the Statewide and Rural Capacity Building Programs as tools to disseminate and coordinate information, training, and foster a dialogue for the exchange of ideas.

5. Environmental Justice

Increasingly, concerns for compliance with provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act have been raised by citizens and advocacy groups with regard to broad patterns of transportation
investment and impact considered in metropolitan and statewide planning. While Title VI and environmental justice concerns have most often been raised during project development it is important to recognize that the law applies equally to the processes and products of metropolitan and statewide planning.

FTA and FHWA are working jointly to develop guidance to support metropolitan areas and states in their efforts to incorporate considerations of transportation equity in their local planning processes and substantiate compliance through demonstrated actions. States and Metropolitan Planning Organizations in their planning processes are generally advised to expand and document their efforts toward two categories of work activity.

(a) Expanding the focus of public involvement efforts, with special attempts to include the traditionally under-served and under-represented in the planning process.

(b) Assessing the distribution of benefits and adverse environmental impacts at both the plan and project level.

In the near future, a range of possible procedural and analytical approaches for complying with provisions of Title VI and the Executive Order on Environmental Justice at the planning stage will be developed and disseminated through guidance and regulation.

6. Coordination of Non-Emergency Services

Coordination of program resources for transportation services leads to increased service availability and more cost-effective transportation to persons with limited access and special needs. There are over 70 federal programs in which some aspect of transportation services is an allowable use of funds. The Department of Transportation (DOT) and the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) are jointly developing a coordination resource, the Transportation Coordination Toolkit, to assist states and communities in their efforts to improve access to transportation services for persons with disabilities.

7. Financial Planning

It is important that this ongoing activity be continued and modified where appropriate to address the additional regulatory requirements, particularly those special requirements related to nonattainment and maintenance areas.

Different types of financial analysis are needed to develop financial plans. To a large extent, the locally adopted metropolitan transportation plan will define the level of financial analysis since the transportation plan sets long term transportation service levels and identifies proposed major capital investments. Regardless of the direction in a transportation plan, there are six basic activities required to produce a long-range financial plan:

(a) Assessment of existing financial conditions;

(b) Identification of future financial requirements for operations and
maintenance;
(c) Assessment of the metropolitan area and state's ability to meet their future financial requirements, based on an analysis of existing revenue sources;

(d) Identification of new sources of revenue, including innovative financing mechanisms and strategies to ensure their availability to meet any future financial shortfalls;

(e) Analysis of existing and potential revenue sources (Federal, State and Local both public and private) reflecting long term availability, sensitivity to economic cycles and other factors, etc.; and

(f) Forecasts of baseline transportation system costs (capital, operating, maintenance, modernization) for local officials to use in making service and investment decisions.

The U. S. Secretary of Transportation shall consider several additional criteria in the Department’s review and evaluation of candidate New Starts Projects. FTA will be required to evaluate each project authorized for new starts funding by each criterion as well as provide an overall project rating of highly recommended, recommended and not recommended. In addition to its annual report to Congress on Funding Levels and Allocations of Funds for Transit Major Capital Improvements, FTA will be required to issue a supplemental report in August of each year, which rates all projects that have completed the alternatives analysis and preliminary engineering since the date of the last report. FTA must also approve candidate New Starts Project’s entry into final design. FTA also continues its prior approval authority for entrance into preliminary engineering.

VI. TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT AREAS (TMAs)

All urbanized areas more than 200,000 populations have been designated as Transportation Management Areas. Atlanta, Augusta, Columbus and Savannah are the only areas designated as TMAs in Georgia. Atlanta is the only TMA in Georgia that has been designated as a nonattainment area for transportation related pollutants under the Clean Air Act. Within a TMA, all transportation plans and programs should be based on a continuing and comprehensive transportation planning process implemented by the MPO in cooperation with the State and local transit agencies. The transportation planning process for TMAs should include a congestion management system that provides for effective management of new and existing transportation facilities eligible for funding under Title 49 U.S.C. through the use of travel demand reduction and operational management strategies.

For TMAs classified as nonattainment for ozone or carbon monoxide pursuant to the Clean Air Act, Federal funds may not be programmed in such an area for any highway project that will result in a significant increase in carrying capacity for single occupant vehicles unless the project is part of an approved congestion management system. Special requirements are imposed on all
attainment and nonattainment TMAs regarding congestion management systems, project selection and certification. These are detailed in the joint FTA/FHWA Planning Regulations (October 28, 1993) and final Management System regulations issued on December 19, 1996.

VII. DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC PARTICIPATION PROCESS

Under SAFETEA-LU, MPO’s are required to develop a Participation Plan which (1) shall be developed in consultation with “interested parties”; (2) publish or make available for public view transportation plans, STIP’s and TIP’s; and (3) Hold public meetings at convenient and accessible times and locations.

Activities related to the formation and implementation of a public involvement effort, which may be undertaken as part of the planning process may include:

(a) Analysis of current MPO or state public involvement practices for their effectiveness in achieving the performance measures outlined in the planning regulations;

(b) Identification of innovative public involvement techniques and processes;

(c) Identification of the “public.” Who should be involved? How should they be involved? Whom are the "traditionally under served by transportation" in the given metropolitan area or state, and how can agencies effectively reach out to these groups and get them interested and involved in the planning process?

(d) Creation of a task force or series of focus groups to address the formation and implementation of a public involvement process in your area; and,

(e) Implementation of the enhanced public involvement effort.

MPOs and States should have already reviewed their existing public involvement procedures for consistency with the planning regulations and taken remedial or enhancing steps as appropriate. Continuing enhancement of public involvement processes will be a priority of both FTA and FHWA.

VIII. STATEWIDE TRANSPORTATION PLAN (SWTP)

Each state is mandated to update the Statewide Transportation Plan (SWTP). The development of the SWTP must be consistent with MPO plans. It should be emphasized that plans must ultimately lead to an integrated intermodal and multimodal transportation system that facilitates the efficient movement of both people and goods.

Planning activities related to the plan include:
(a) Development of methods and criteria for addressing the 8 transportation planning factors specified in SAFETEA-LU; and

(b) Development of a process to insure coordination of plan development with participating organizations as required by 23 CFR.

IX. STATEWIDE TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (STIP)

A statewide transportation improvement program (STIP) must be prepared and approved by FHWA and FTA before Federal assistance authorized by 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 or Title 23 U.S.C. may be awarded. Among other things, the STIP consists of unmodified TIPs, approved by both the MPO and chief executive officer of the state. TIPs for nonattainment and maintenance areas, however, may not be included in the STIP until the requisite air quality conformity findings are made by FTA and FHWA. The STIP shall include all regionally significant projects within each TIP. Multi-year STIP should be developed with proposed projects and funding sources identified for each year. According to SAFETEA-LU, STIP’s must be updated at least every 4 years and contain at least 4 years of projects and strategies. Transit projects must be selected in accordance with requirements of the specific funding programs. Each project in the grant application must be included in Year 1 of the approved STIP before FTA may award a grant for that project, or be moved from Years 2, 3 and 4 into Year 1 using project selection procedures. If the STIP is used for two years, then each project must be included, as appropriate, in years 1 or 2. MPO’s shall to the maximum extent practicable publish or otherwise make available for public review transportation plans and TIP’s/STIP’s in electronically accessible formats such as the world wide web.

Planning activities related to STIP development under SAFETEA-LU may include:

(a) Continued development by the states of processes and criteria for the state's metropolitan TIPs and their incorporation within the framework of the STIP; and

(b) Development of programming techniques/criteria for non-metropolitan areas.

X. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PLANNING (DBE)

It is the policy of GDOT in compliance with 49 CFR Part 26 and as a condition of receiving Federal financial assistance, that all subgrantees receiving planning assistance establish a DBE program to ensure the following.

(1) Nondiscrimination in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts or programs.

(2) Create a level playing field on which DBEs can compete fairly for DOT-assisted contracts.
(3) Provide appropriate flexibility in establishing and providing equal opportunities for DBEs to receive and participate in DOT-assisted contracts or programs.

(4) In administering your program, you must not directly or through contractual or other arrangements, use criteria or methods of administration that have the effect of defeating or substantially impairing accomplishment of the objectives of the program with respect to individuals of a particular race, color, sex or national origin.

MPOs may also utilize Section 5303 funds to update existing DBE programs.

XI. PERFORMANCE AUDITS

A performance audit is a transit management tool to evaluate such areas as management and organization, service planning, marketing, scheduling, transportation, maintenance, purchase and inventory, safety training, finance and accounting, and labor relations.

The audits can determine the extent to which operators of public transit have established and met goals and objectives, developed performance standards and performance measures, and operated in an effective, efficient and economical manner. This same audit can be a means of identifying needed system improvements.

Performance audits are an effective management tool to evaluate program effectiveness. Each year, the Georgia General Assembly appropriates funding specifically for the urban and rural transit systems. This support along with Federal assistance has increased fleet size, routes and hours of operation. There has been a parallel increase in public concern about the impact and use of public funds for transit purposes.

New performance audits should be undertaken periodically in an effort to improve performance. Transit planners should monitor and evaluate on an ongoing basis, the achievements of major recommendations of completed performance audits.

XII. PARATRANSIT PLANNING

A coordinated paratransit program could be an effective means of addressing commuter needs. Paratransit by definition refers to passenger transportation modes available to the public, distinct from conventional transit, and can be operated over the highway and street system. Paratransit also describes the spectrum of service options between the private automobile and fixed route, fixed schedule buses. These service options include carpools, vanpools, shared-ride taxis, jitneys, subscription buses and demand responsive buses.

Paratransit systems have common characteristics in that they are designed to respond directly to demand without fixed schedules or routes except in carpools or subscription bus operations.
They have origin-destination capabilities approaching those of the private automobile and their capital and operating costs are usually lower than conventional transit systems.

The operating policies for many of the paratransit options can be varied to adjust service to passenger demands. Thus, operators of paratransit services are allowed to provide a special, personalized service suitable to a specific area. In lower density areas, the paratransit option may provide a less expensive and more effective modal alternative.

Currently, there are three major applications for paratransit services. Paratransit can (1) extend transit service to lower density suburban areas; (2) provide circulation service in downtown areas; and (3) be leased to provide specialized transportation service to such groups as the elderly and persons with disabilities.

The study of paratransit options in the urbanized area should be considered as a possible planning option in the UPWP.

XIII. CONTRACTUAL COMPLIANCE ISSUES

As a condition of receipt of Federal funds, local area grantees are required to certify and to assure that they will comply with applicable regulations, executive orders and administrative rules. At a minimum each recipient of funds should establish documentation to evidence compliance with those requirements that are applicable to the grant project(s). Special consideration should be given to the following:

FTA Title VI Data Collection and Reporting - Each Federal department and agency providing financial assistance for any program or activity is authorized and directed by the Department of Justice to effectuate provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 for each program or activity by issuing generally applicable rules, regulations, or requirements. In this regard, FTA has the responsibility to ensure that federally supported transit services and related benefits are distributed by applicants, recipients and sub recipients of FTA assistance in a manner consistent with Title VI. The employment practices of a grant applicant are also covered under Title VI if the primary purpose of the FTA supported program is to provide employment or those employment practices would result in discrimination against beneficiaries of FTA assisted services and benefits.

The objectives of the FTA Title VI program are as follows:

(1) To ensure that FTA-assisted benefits and related services are made available and are equitably distributed without regard to race, color, or national origin;

(2) To ensure that the level and quality of FTA-assisted transit services are sufficient to provide equal access and mobility for any person without regard to race, color, or national origin;
(3) To ensure that opportunities to participate in the transit planning and decision making processes are provided to persons without regard to race, color, or national origin;

(4) To ensure that decisions on the location of transit services and facilities are made without regard to race, color, or national origin; and

(5) To ensure that corrective and remedial action is taken by all applicants and recipients of FTA assistance to prevent discriminatory treatment of any beneficiary based on race, color, or national origin.

The objectives outlined above are the basis of the FTA Title VI Program. Recipients of FTA financial assistance must adopt a Title VI compliance program that is consistent with the requirements described herein and in FTA Circular C 4702.1A. In order to achieve these objectives and to facilitate monitoring of the Title VI program, FTA has developed both general and program specific data collection and reporting requirements. Recipients of FTA Section 5303 Metropolitan Planning funds must collect Title VI data and submit the reports described in Exhibit 5 (See page 32).

**Quarterly Milestone/Progress Reports** - Project Management Guidelines (FTA Circular 5010.1C) require each local MPO to submit quarterly progress reports on the planning activities funded under Title 49 U.S.C. Section 5303 assistance. The progress report summarizes grant activity in a specified format. The report should contain budget information (revisions, additions, deletions) as well as a narrative description of activities by line item for the quarter. **A sample report is illustrated in Appendix V. The original report must be submitted to the GDOT (Atlanta) Office of Intermodal by the 10th day after the end of the quarter. Please note that in order to make the deadline, the quarterly progress narrative must be sent electronically or mailed separate from the reimbursement request.**

**Project Completion Report** - A copy of all documents completed using FTA and/or State funds should be submitted to GDOT either during the grant period or immediately after the grant has ended. At the end of each contract, a project completion report must be completed and submitted to GDOT. This report will include all technical documents, reports, research, etc. produced under the FTA grant. These projects should be identified both in the UPWP and in the FTA grant application. **In order to extend the date of a contract, all requests for extension must be submitted in writing 90 days prior to the expiration date. Consequently, no contract can be supplemented after the expiration date.**

**Project Closeout** – In order to close out expired contracts, a final request for reimbursement must be sent to GDOT Division of Intermodal. An audit is also required in the Office of Intermodal within 90 days of the end of the contract period.

**XIV. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS**

Urbanized areas wishing to participate in the FTA Title 49 U.S.C. Section 5303 planning program must complete the following application components:
(1) Letter of Transmittal to Georgia DOT (See Exhibit 1)

(2) UPWP Work Elements (See Exhibit 2)

(3) Authorizing Resolution (See Exhibit 3)

(4) Section 5303 Budget Information (See Exhibit 4)

(5) FTA Title VI Data Collection and Reporting (See Exhibit 5)

(6) Federal FY 2010 Certifications and Assurances for FTA Assistance (See Exhibit 6)

(7) FTA Project Milestone Dates (See Exhibit 7)

(8) Clearing House Review Form (Appendix I)

The original application (not a copy) should be forwarded to the Georgia Department of Transportation, Division of Intermodal by **Tuesday, February 15, 2011**. Samples of application components follow.
EXHIBIT 1

SAMPLE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Mr. Steve Kish, Transit Program Manager  
Division of Intermodal Programs  
Georgia Department of Transportation  
600 West Peachtree Street, N.E.  
Plaza Level/ 2nd Floor  
Atlanta, Georgia 30308-3607

Attn: Karen Quarles

Dear Mr. Kish:

Based on the information contained in the (urbanized area) metropolitan area FY ____ Unified Planning Work Program, we are requesting a Title 49 U.S.C. Section 5303 metropolitan planning grant of (80% Federal share) to aid in transportation planning. In addition, we are also requesting a 10 percent State share for this project in the amount of (10% State share). Local funds consisting of (10% Local share) will be provided by (Legal Entity) in the form of (cash, in-kind services, or both) from (specific resources).

The following information in support of the statewide application is submitted for your review:

1. Letters of Transmittal  
2. UPWP Work Elements  
3. Authorizing Resolution  
4. Budget Information  
5. FTA Title VI Report  
6. Annual Listing of FTA Certifications and Assurances*  
7. Project Milestone  
8. Clearing House Review Results with State Clearinghouse Number

If you have any questions on these matters, please contact (principal contact) at (phone number).

Sincerely,

Signature of Designated Official
EXHIBIT 2

UPWP WORK ELEMENTS

The Unified Planning Work Program supports the FTA grant application. Describe each transit work task in the format outlined below.

1. Description & Objectives for the work;

2. Previous Work;

3. Methodology;

4. Schedule for completing the activities;

5. Tangible Products expected within the timeframe;

6. Entity responsible for work elements;

7. Cost & funding source (financial responsibility).
EXHIBIT 3

AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION
(Page 1 of 2)

Resolution authorizing the filing of an application with the Department of Transportation, United States of America, and Georgia Department of Transportation, for a grant under Title 49 U.S.C., Section 5303.

WHEREAS, the Secretary of the US Department of Transportation and the Commissioner of the Georgia Department of Transportation are authorized to make grants for mass transportation projects;

WHEREAS, the contract for financial assistance will impose certain obligations upon the applicant, including the provision by it of the local project costs;

WHEREAS, it is required by the U.S. Department of Transportation in accord with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, that in connection with the filing of an application for assistance under Title 49 U.S.C. Section 5303 the Applicant gives an assurance that it will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and other pertinent directives and the U.S. Department of Transportation requirements there under; and

WHEREAS, it is the goal of the Applicant that Minority Business Enterprise (Disadvantaged Business Enterprise and Women's Business Enterprise) be utilized to the fullest extent possible in connection with this project, and that definitive procedures shall be established and administered to ensure that minority business shall have the maximum feasible opportunity to compete for contracts and purchase orders when procuring construction contracts, supplies, equipment contracts, or consultant and other services.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by (Governing Body of Applicant)

1. That the Designated Official (Name and Title, hereinafter referred to as The Official) is authorized to execute and file an application on behalf of (Exact Legal Name of Applicant) with the Georgia Department of Transportation, to aid in the financing of a technical study grant to implement specific items of the FY (___) (metropolitan area) Unified Planning Work Program.

2. That the Official is authorized to execute and file with such application and assurance or any other document required by U.S. Department of Transportation and Georgia Department of Transportation effectuating the purposes of this grant.
EXHIBIT 3

AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION
(Page 2 of 2)

3. That the Official is authorized to furnish such additional information as the U.S. Department of Transportation and the Georgia Department of Transportation may require in connection with the application or the project.

4. That the Official is authorized to set forth and execute Minority Business Enterprise, DBE (Disadvantaged Business Enterprise) and WBE (Women Business Enterprise) policies and procedures in connection with the project's procurement needs.

5. That the Official is authorized to execute a grant agreement on behalf of (Exact Legal Name of Applicant) with the Georgia Department of Transportation to aid in the financing of a technical study grant to implement specific items of the (metropolitan area) Unified Planning Work Program.

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned duly qualified and acting (Title of Officer) of the (Exact Legal Name of Applicant) certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution, adopted at a legally convened meeting of the (Governing Body of the Applicant) held on ______________________, 20____.

If the applicant has an official seal, (Signature of Recording Officer)
impress here. ________________________________

______________________________
(Title of Recording Officer)

______________________________
(Date)
### EXHIBIT 4
SECTION 5303 BUDGET INFORMATION
Technical Classifications*

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<th>UPWP Task #</th>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>General Development &amp; Comprehensive Planning</td>
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<td>Coordination of Non-Emergency Human Service Transportation</td>
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<td>Participation of Transit Operators in Metropolitan &amp; Statewide Planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>44.26.14</td>
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<td>Planning for Transit Systems Management/Operations to increase Ridership</td>
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<tr>
<td>44.26.15</td>
<td></td>
<td>Support Transit Capital Investment Decisions through Effective Systems Planning</td>
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<td>44.26.16</td>
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<td>Incorporating Safety &amp; Security in Transportation Planning</td>
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<td>4.2.11,4.8</td>
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**Accounting Classifications**

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**Fund Allocations**

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<td>MPO Share (10%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Share (10%)</td>
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</table>

Total Project Cost (100%)
EXHIBIT 5
FTA TITLE VI DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING
(Page 1 of 2)

All applicants for FTA funding are required to maintain and provide GDOT and FTA with certain Title VI information. The required information is outlined in Part 1 - General Requirements and Part 2 - MPO Reporting Requirements. Updated information should be provided to the Department for Part I and Part 2 annually. The information should be relevant to the organizational entity actually submitting the application, not necessarily the larger agency or department of which the entity is a part.

Part 1 - General Reporting Requirements

1. A list of any active lawsuits or complaints naming the applicant which allege discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin with respect to service or other transit benefits. The list should include:
   a. The date the lawsuit or complaint was filed;
   b. A summary of the allegation; and
   c. The status of the lawsuit or complaint.

2. A description of all pending applications for financial assistance, and financial assistance currently provided by other federal agencies.

3. A summary of all civil rights compliance review activities conducted in the last 3 years. The summary should include:
   a. The purpose or reason for the review;
   b. The name of the agency or the organization that performed the review;
   c. A summary of the findings and recommendations of the review; and
   d. A report on the status and/or disposition of such findings and recommendations.
Part 2 - MPO Reporting Requirements

1. Assessment of Planning Efforts
   Provide a written description of continuing planning efforts which are responsive to the requirements of Title VI to ensure that transit planning and programming are nondiscriminatory. The description should also discuss how activities or projects programmed in the UPWP and TIP will be implemented on a nondiscriminatory basis. FTA expects MPO's to address any Title VI concerns raised during compliance reviews conducted by either transit providers or by FTA or as a result of a Title VI service complaint issue involving programming, planning activities, or capital improvements.

2. Monitor Title VI Activities
   Monitor the Title VI activities and/or programs of local transit systems. In particular, the MPO is requested to provide documentation describing efforts to:
   a. Identify minority communities that will be affected by proposed service changes, such as route modifications, additions, deletions, or extensions under consideration by local transit providers; and
   b. Provide technical assistance or guidance to local transportation providers in updating and developing Title VI information.

3. Information Dissemination
   Provide a description of the methods used to inform minority communities of planning efforts (e.g., public notices, public hearings, other formal or informal public discussions, presentations, meetings, etc.) relating to transit service and improvements.

4. Minority Participation in the Decision making Process
   Provide a written statement describing how minority groups or persons are afforded an opportunity to participate in local decision making processes. In particular, the statement should describe liaison activities with minority community groups and other efforts to obtain minority views on transportation issues.

5. Minority Representation on Decision making Bodies
   Provide a racial breakdown for transit related non-elected boards, advisory councils or committees, and a description of efforts made to encourage the participation of minorities on such boards or committees.
EXHIBIT 6 (Page 1 of 2)

FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2011 CERTIFICATIONS AND ASSURANCES FOR FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS*

Both pages of this signature document must be completed and signed as indicated.

Name of Applicant: _______________________________________

The Applicant agrees to comply with applicable provisions of Categories 01-24. □

OR

The Applicant agrees to comply with the applicable requirements of the Categories it has selected:

01. Assurances Required For Each Applicant. □
02. □
03. Procurement Compliance. □
04. Protections for Private Providers of Public Transportation. □
05. Public Hearing. □
06. Acquisition of Rolling Stock for Use in Revenue Service. □
07. Acquisition of Capital Assets by Lease. □
08. Bus Testing. □
09. Charter Service Agreement. □
10. School Transportation Agreement. □
11. Demand Responsive Service □
12. Alcohol Misuse and Prohibited Drug Use. □
13. Interest and Other Financing Costs. □
15. Urbanized Area Formula Program. □
16. Clean Fuels Grant Program. □
17. Elderly Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities Formula Program and Pilot Program □
18. Nonurbanized Area Formula Program for States. □
22. Tribal Transit Program □
23. Infrastructure Finance Projects. □

* Federal Register/ Vol. 73, No. 212 / Friday, 10/31/2008/pg. 65027/ (See Appendix VII of this document).
EXHIBIT 6 (Page 2 of 2)  
Appendix A

FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2010 FTA CERTIFICATIONS AND ASSURANCES SIGNATURE PAGE  
(Required of all Applicants for FTA assistance and all FTA Grantees with an active capital or formula project)

AFFIRMATION OF APPLICANT

Name of Applicant: _____________________________________________________________

Name and Relationship of Authorized Representative: ________________________________

BY SIGNING BELOW, on behalf of the Applicant, I declare that the Applicant has duly authorized me to make these certifications and assurances and bind the Applicant’s compliance. Thus, the Applicant agrees to comply with all Federal statutes, regulations, and follow applicable Federal directives, and comply with the certifications and assurances as indicated on the foregoing page applicable to each application it makes to the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) in Federal Fiscal Year 2011.

FTA intends that the certifications and assurances the Applicant selects on the other side of this document, as representative of the certifications and assurances in this document, should apply, as provided, to each project for which the Applicant seeks now, or later, seek FTA assistance during Federal Fiscal Year 2011.

The Applicant affirms the truthfulness and accuracy of the certifications and assurances it has made in the statements submitted herein with this document and any other submission made to FTA, and acknowledges that the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986, 31 U.S.C. 3801 et seq., and implementing U.S. DOT regulations, “Program Fraud Civil Remedies,” 49 CFR part 31 apply to any certification, assurance, or submission made to FTA. The criminal provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 apply to any certification, assurance, or submission made in connection with a Federal public transportation program authorized in 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 or any other statute.

In signing this document, I declare under penalties of perjury that the foregoing certifications and assurances, and any other statements made by me on behalf of the Applicant are true and correct.

Signature: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Name: ______________________________
Authorized Representative of Applicant

AFFIRMATION OF APPLICANT’S ATTORNEY

For (Name of Applicant): ________________________________________________________

As the undersigned Attorney for the above named Applicant, I hereby affirm to the Applicant that it has authority under State, local, or tribal government law, as applicable, to make and comply with the certifications and assurances as indicated on the foregoing pages. I further affirm that, in my opinion, the certifications and assurances have been legally made and constitute legal and binding obligations on the Applicant.

I further affirm to the Applicant that, to the best of my knowledge, there is no legislation or litigation pending or imminent that might adversely affect the validity of these certifications and assurances, or of the performance of the project.

Signature: ___________________________ Date: ___________________________

Name: ______________________________
Attorney for Applicant

Each Applicant for FTA financial assistance and each FTA Grantee with an active capital or formula project must provide an Affirmation of Applicant’s Attorney pertaining to the Applicant’s legal capacity. The Applicant may enter its signature in lieu of the Attorney’s signature, provided the Applicant has on file this Affirmation, signed by the attorney and dated this Federal fiscal year.
EXHIBIT 7

FTA PROJECT MILESTONE DATES

1. Grantee Name

2. Contact person(s) and telephone number

3. For each UPWP activity complete the Estimated Completion Dates:

Example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UPWP Task Activity</th>
<th>Estimated Completion Date</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. TIP Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Program Support/Administration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For Consultant Work, please provide three (3) dates:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i. RFP Out For Bid</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ii. Contract Award</td>
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<tr>
<td>iii. Contract Complete</td>
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</table>
## Georgia Intergovernmental Consultation Process

### Applicant:

### Project Name:

### Applicant’s Address:

### Name and Title of Contact Person:

### Phone:

### Impacted City/Cities:

### Impacted County/Counties:

### Project Description (Nature, Purpose, Location):

### Funding

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<tbody>
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<td>Basic Federal Grant</td>
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<td><strong>Federal Agency Name</strong>: Federal Transit Administration.</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Matching Grant</td>
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<td><strong>Federal Agency’s Address</strong>: Atlanta Federal Center, Suite 17T50, 61 Forsyth St. S.W., Atlanta, GA 30303-3109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Matching Grant</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Name and Title of Contact Person</strong>: Robert Buckley, Community Planner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Cost</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Telephone</strong>: (404)865-5618</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### Impacted Regional and Metropolitan Clearinghouse:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signature of Authorizing Official</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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Administrative Guide for Transit Programs

July 2011 – June 2012 Funding Cycle
* Please send completed form to: State Clearinghouse c/o Barbara Jackson, Office of Planning and Budget, Suite 8069, 270 Washington Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30334. Fax# (404) 656-7916.
* Do Not Send to the Regional Development Center (RDC)

The original form should be sent to the State Clearinghouse, c/o Barbara Jackson, Office of Planning and Budget, Suite 8069, 270 Washington Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30334. Fax # (404) 656-7916. If the project is to be located in a locale served by a Metropolitan Clearinghouse, a legible copy must be sent to the appropriate MPO for review and approval (except in Atlanta).

When completing the Intergovernmental Consultation Form, the applicant must be sure to include the following information:

1. Identification of the applicant.

2. Federal program title, number and agency under which assistance is sought as listed in the latest Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.

3. Geographic location of the proposed project by type accompanied by a map (physical development only).

4. Brief description of the proposed project by type, purpose, general size, or scale, estimated cost, beneficiaries or other characteristic details.

* Note: The State Clearinghouse will coordinate area wide clearinghouse responses with the respective Regional Commissions including ARC. DO NOT SEND TO the RCs.
APPENDIX II

BUDGET INFORMATION FORM

The budget information portion of the application consists of preparation of the Budget Information Form (Exhibit 4). Definitions for the technical and accounting classification codes are provided. These should be carefully reviewed before costs are distributed by categories. (Appendix III)

Total project costs by technical and accounting classification should be identical. There are also blanks provided for UPWP Task Numbers. These must also be completed.
APPENDIX III
DEFINITION OF TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES
(Page 1 of 2)

(1) **Program Support and Administration (44.21.00)**

Include basic overhead, program support and general administrative costs directly chargeable to the FTA project; i.e., direct program support, grant administration, interagency coordination, citizen participation, public information, local assistance, UPWP development, etc. (If direct program administrative and support costs are included in each individual work task, do not enter them a second time in this category.)

(2) **General Development and Comprehensive Planning (44.22.00)**

Include only the costs of activities specifically emphasizing regional policy and system planning for non-transportation functional areas, including demographic analysis and non-transportation modeling and forecasting activity, i.e., land use, housing, human services, environmental and natural resources, recreation and open space, public facilities and utilities.

(3) **Long-Range Transportation Planning (LRTP) - System Level (44.23.01)**

Include only costs of activities specifically emphasizing long-range transportation system planning and analysis; i.e., long-range travel forecasting and modeling, system analysis, sketch planning, system plan development, reappraisal or revision, and all long-range Transportation System Management (TSM) activities.

(4) **Long-Range Transportation Planning (LRTP) – Project Level (44.23.02)**

Include only costs of activities specifically emphasizing long-range transportation project planning and analysis; i.e. Major Investment Studies (corridor and sub-area studies), cost effectiveness studies, feasibility and location studies, and the preparation of related draft environmental impact studies.

(5) **Short-Range Transportation Planning (SRTP) (44.24.00)**

Include only the costs of activities specifically emphasizing short-range transportation system or project planning and analysis; i.e., management analysis of internal operations such as management/administration, maintenance, personnel, and labor relations; service planning including appropriate database development and maintenance; TDP preparation; financial management planning, including alternative fare box policies; all short-range Transportation System Management (TSM) activities including vanpooling/ridesharing, HOVs, parking management, etc.
APPENDIX III

DEFINITION OF TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES
(Page 2 of 2)

(6) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) (44.25.00)
Include only the costs of activities specifically emphasizing TIP development and monitoring.

(7) Coordination of Non-Emergency Human Service Transportation (44.26.12)

(8) Participation of Transit Operators in Metropolitan and Statewide Planning (44.26.13)

(9) Planning for Transit Systems Management/Operations to Increase Ridership (44.26.14)

(10) Support Transit Capital Investment Decision (44.26.15)

(11) Incorporating Safety & security in Transportation Planning (44.26.16)
Costs related to the development of transportation plans and strategies that increase the safety and security of transportation systems.

(12) Other Activities (44.27.00)
Includes only the cost of those activities whose primary emphasis is unrelated to the specific types of activities described above. (Only a minority of funds reported should be included as a part of this line item.)
APPENDIX IV

DEFINITION OF ACCOUNTING CATEGORIES

(Page 1 of 2)

(1) Personnel (41.20.01)

Include only the cost of gross compensation (before deductions for taxes and other purposes) for services of individuals devoted specifically to the execution of the federally funded project to the exclusion of indirect labor. This category includes additional pay for overtime and holiday work.

(2) Fringe Benefits (41.20.12)

Include only the payments made by the project sponsor to provide health and security benefits for employees to include FICA, state and Federal unemployment taxes, state disability insurance, workman’s compensation insurance, hospitalization and medical insurance, and pension and annuity funds.

(3) Travel (41.20.03)

Include only the cost for transportation of employees or others, their per diem allowances while in an authorized travel status, and other expenses incident to travel. This category includes authorized commercial transportation charges, rental of passenger cars and mileage allowances for privately owned vehicles. It also includes taxi fares whether used for local transportation or for travel away from a designated home base.

(4) Equipment (41.20.04)

Include only the cost of personal property of a more or less durable nature acquired specifically for the purpose of the grant. Such property would be expected to have a period of service of a year or more after put into use with material impairment of its physical condition. It includes charges for services in connection with initial installation of equipment when performed under contract. This category may consist of both capitalized and non-capitalized equipment to include ADP hardware and software.
APPENDIX IV

DEFINITION OF ACCOUNTING CATEGORIES

(Page 2 of 2)

(5) Supplies (41.20.05)

Include only the costs of all commodities whether acquired by formal contract or other forms of purchase, (a) which are ordinarily consumed or expended within one year after they are put into use, or, (b) which are converted in the process of construction or manufacture, or, (c) which are used to form a minor part of equipment or fixed property. This category would include office supplies, fuels, and pamphlets.

(6) Contractual (41.20.06)

Include only the cost of services furnished specifically for the grant program by other agencies on a pass through basis or companies through contractual charges. It would include transportation of things (freight charges), rents, communications, utilities, printing and reproduction, and organization wide audits. This category would also include consultant services, external audits of third party contracts, ADP equipment lease or rental, and contractual ADP services.

(7) Other (41.20.07)

Include only those costs not otherwise included in the other direct cost categories. This category may also contain small amounts for contingencies due to cost uncertainties that may exist at the time the application and planning work programs are prepared.

(8) Indirect Charges (41.20.08)

Include only those costs that are (a) incurred for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one cost objective or project; and (b) not readily assignable to the cost objectives or projects specifically benefited. Indirect charges can originate in the project sponsor’s department, as well as being incurred by other departments in supplying goods, services, and facilities to the project sponsor’s department. OMB Circular A-87 sets forth principles for determining allowable costs of programs administered by State and Local governments under grants from the Federal Government.
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<th>Budget Code</th>
<th>Budget Line Item Description</th>
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<td>44.26.12</td>
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<td>Coordination of Non-Emergency Human Service Transportation</td>
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<td>44.26.13</td>
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<td>Participation of Transit Operators in Metropolitan &amp; Statewide Planning</td>
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<td>44.26.15</td>
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<td>Support Transit Capital Investment Decisions through Effective Systems Planning</td>
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<td>44.26.16</td>
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<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX VI-A

SAMPLE FINAL REIMBURSEMENT OR CLOSEOUT LETTER

Mr. Steve Kish, Transit Program Manager
Office of Intermodal Programs
Georgia Department of Transportation
600 West Peachtree, N.E.
Plaza Level
Atlanta, GA 30308-3607

Attn: Karen Quarles

RE: Project No. (ENTER PROJECT NUMBER)
    5303 Planning Reimbursement Request or Contract Closeout
    Period Covered: July 1, 2010 to October 30, 2010
    Payment No. (#) and (If you are resubmitting an invoice) “Corrected Invoice”

Dear Mr. Kish,

ENTER AGENCY NAME requests that project ENTER PROJECT NUMBER be processed for closeout. Please find the attached ($.__) request for reimbursement for this contract.

If this is a closeout letter, use the following text: Please find the attached final zero ($0.00) request for this contract. All payments have been received from this contract and we are ready to proceed with closeout of the contract.

If the letter is for reimbursement your cover letter should show the break down, see example below.

The total reimbursement request for the period of July 1, 2010 – October 30, 2010 is $100,000.00.

    Federal 80% - $80,000.00
    State 10% - $10,000.00
    Local 10% - $10,000.00

If you have any questions on these matters, please contact (ENTER PRINCIPAL CONTACT) at (ENTER PHONE NUMBER).

Sincerely,

Signature of Designated Official
APPENDIX VI-B

SAMPLE FINAL REIMBURSEMENT/CLOSEOUT INVOICE

Agency Name: ABC Metropolitan Planning Commission
Contract No. # MTG00-0000-00-00 or T0000000
Period Covered: July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011

Payment No. 5 (Final)

Funding Participation

| Local (10%)  | $5,625.00 |
| State (10%)  | $5,625.00 |
| Federal (80%) | $45,000.00 |
| TOTAL        | $56,250.00 |

Total Federal + State (90%) $50,625.00

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<td>Fringe Benefits</td>
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<td>Indirect</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contractual</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Costs</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
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<td>Less Amount Over Budget</td>
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<tr>
<td>Billable Costs</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Request (90%)</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Current Reimbursement Request = $0.00
administer during Federal FY 2011.

FTA's Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2013 reflect Federal statutory, regulatory, and programmatic changes that have now become effective.

DATE: Effective Date: These FTA Certifications and Assurances are effective on October 1, 2010, the first day of Federal FY 2011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: FTA staff in the appropriate FTA Regional Office or FTA Metropolitan Office listed herein. For copies of other related documents and information, see the FTA Web site at http://www.fta.dot.gov or contact FTA's Office of Administration at 202-366-4022.

Region 1: Boston

Region 2: New York

Region 3: Philadelphia
States served: Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia. Telephone # 215-656-7100.

Region 4: Atlanta

Region 5: Chicago
States served: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin. Telephone # 312-353-2789.

Region 6: Dallas/Ft. Worth
States served: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. Telephone # 817-978-0550.

Region 7: Kansas City
States served: Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska. Telephone # 816-329-3820.

Region 8: Denver

Region 9: San Francisco

Region 10: Seattle

Chicago Metropolitan Office
States served: Chicago Metropolitan Area. Telephone # 312-636-1616.

Los Angeles Metropolitan Office
States served: Los Angeles Metropolitan Area. Telephone # 213-392-2050.

Lower Manhattan Recovery Office
States served: Lower Manhattan. Telephone # 212-668-1770.

New York Metropolitan Office

Philadelphia Metropolitan Office

Washington DC Metropolitan Office

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

1. Purposes
The purposes of this Notice are to:
• Publish FTA’s Federal FY 2011 Certifications and Assurances for Applicants for Federal assistance administered by FTA and the Projects for which they seek Federal assistance awarded by FTA.
• Highlight the changes within the new FTA Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2011 now in effect.
• Identify locations where these FTA Certifications and Assurances may be viewed, and
• Provide directions for submitting these FTA Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2011 to FTA.

2. Background
a. FTA’s Responsibilities. Since Federal FY 1995, FTA has been consolidating the various certifications and assurances that may be required of its Applicants and their projects into a single document for publication in the Federal Register. FTA intends to continue publishing this document annually, when feasible in conjunction with its publication of the FTA annual apportionment notice, which sets forth the allocations of funds made available by the latest U.S. Department of Transportation (U.S. DOT) annual appropriations act. Because U.S. DOT’s full year appropriations for Federal FY 2011 were not signed into law on
strongly recommends that the Applicant take appropriate measures, including but not limited to obtaining sufficient documentation from each subrecipient participating in the project, to assure the validity of the Applicant’s Certifications and Assurances to FTA.

3. Significant Information about FTA’s Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2011

a. Legal Implications

(1) Binding Commitments. Because the Applicant is required by Federal law and Federal regulations to comply with the applicable provisions of all FTA Certifications and Assurances it submits, it is important that the Applicant be familiar with the provisions of all twenty-four (24) categories of FTA Certifications and Assurances. The text of those Certifications and Assurances is contained in Appendix A of this Notice, and also appears at http://www.fta.dot.gov/documents/2011-Cert-Appr-4.4.pdf, and in FTA’s electronic award and management system, TEAM-Web, http://teamweb.fta.dot.gov, at the “Cert & Assuran” tab of the “View/Modify Recipient” page in the “Recipients” option. Provisions of this Notice supersede conflicting statements in any FTA Circular containing a previous version of FTA’s annual Certifications and Assurances. The Certifications and Assurances contained in those FTA circulars are merely examples, and are not acceptable or valid for Federal FY 2011.

An Applicant’s annual Certifications and Assurances to FTA generally remain in effect for either the duration of the Grant or Cooperative Agreement supporting the Project until the Project is closed out or for the duration of the Project or Project property when a useful life or industry standard is in effect, whichever occurs later. If, however, the Applicant provides Certifications and Assurances to FTA in a later year that differ from the Certifications and Assurances previously provided, the later Certifications and Assurances will apply to the Grant, Cooperative Agreement, Project, or Project property, except to the extent FTA permits otherwise in writing.

(2) Penalties for Noncompliance. If the Applicant makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent claim, statement, submission, certification, assurance, or representation to the Federal government, or induces a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation in any agreement with the Federal government in connection with a Project authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 33 or any other Federal law, the Federal government reserves the right to impose on the Applicant the penalties of the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986, as amended, 31 U.S.C. 3729 et seq., and implementing U.S. DOT regulations, “Program Fraud Civil Remedies,” 49 CFR part 31, or the penalties of 49 U.S.C. 5323(f) involving the criminal provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001, or other applicable Federal law to the extent the Federal government deems appropriate.

(3) FTA’s Certifications and Assurances constitute Only a Partial List of Federal Requirements. FTA cautions that the FTA Certifications and Assurances required by Federal law and regulations do not address all the Federal requirements that will apply to the Applicant and its Project. FTA’s Certifications and Assurances are generally post-award requirements, i.e., those requirements of Federal law and regulations that the Applicant must fulfill before FTA is legally authorized to award Federal financial assistance to an Applicant.

(4) Other Federal Requirements. Because FTA’s Certifications and Assurances do not encompass all Federal requirements that will apply to the Applicant and its Project, FTA strongly encourages the Applicant to review the Federal authorizing legislation, regulations, and directives pertaining to the program or programs for which the Applicant seeks Federal assistance. The FTA Master Agreement for Federal FY 2011 at http://www.fta.dot.gov/documents/17-Master.pdf identifies a substantial number of those Federal laws, regulations, and directives that apply to Applicants and their various projects.

b. Importance of FTA’s Certification and Assurances for Federal FY 2011

Following publication of these Certifications and Assurances, FTA may not award Federal financial assistance through a Federal Grant or Cooperative Agreement until the Applicant submits all of the FTA Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2011 pertaining to itself and its project as required by Federal laws and regulations. The Applicant’s Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2011 will be applicable to projects for which it seeks Federal assistance during Federal FY 2011 and through the next Federal FY until FTA issues its annual Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2012.

c. Federal FY 2011 Changes. Apart from minor editorial revisions, significant matters concerning FTA’s
Certifications and Assurances include the following:

1. In the introductory paragraphs preceding the text of FTA’s
   Certifications and Assurances, the FTA Web site for the FTA Master Agreement
   for Federal FY 2011 is identified as
   http://www.fta.dot.gov/documents/17-
   Master.pdf.

2. Certification (01), Subsection “B” has been revised to add a statement
   emphasizing that the FTA Master Agreement has always been
   incorporated by reference and made part of the FTA grant agreement and
   cooperative agreement and that the Applicant is certifying that it will
   comply with the edition of the FTA Master Agreement incorporated by
   reference and made part of the latest amendment to its grant agreement or
   cooperative agreement, as specified within that agreement.

3. A new Subsection “F” has been added to Certification (01), reinstating
   the Government-wide “Suspension and Debarment” certification. Due to serious
   concerns expressed by the Government Accountability Office, the U.S. DOT
   Inspector General, and U.S. DOT
   officials, FTA considers it prudent to re-
   emphasize the importance of each
   Applicant identifying its status to FTA
   with respect to its eligibility for award of any FTA grant, loan (including a line of
   credit), cooperative agreement, loan
   guarantee, or loan insurance, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any
   Federal grant, loan (including a line of
   credit), cooperative agreement, loan
   guarantee, or loan insurance. Former
   Subsection “F” of Certification (01) has been re-numbered Subsection “G”.

4. The text of Certification (02), “Lobbying Certification,” has been
   revised to substitute the current title of OMB’s Standard Form—LLL, “Disclosure
   Form to Report Lobbying,” currently in
   use.

5. When to Submit. All Applicants for
   FTA formula program or capital
   program assistance, and current FTA
   grantees with an active project financed
   with FTA formula program or capital
   program assistance, are expected to
   provide their FTA Certifications and Assurances for Federal FY 2011 within
   90 days from the date of this publication or as soon as feasible after their first
   application for Federal assistance authorized or made available for Federal
   FY 2011, whichever is earlier. In
   addition, FTA encourages Applicants
   seeking supplemental or additional assistance for other projects to submit their FTA
   Certifications and Assurances to FTA as
   soon as possible to expedite awards of FTA assistance.

6. Ways to Submit FTA’s Certifications and Assurances
   As further explained, FTA will accept
   an Applicant’s Certifications and
   Assurances submitted either in TEAM-
   Web at http://teamweb.fta.dot.gov, or
   on paper containing the text set forth on the Signature Page(s) of Appendix A of
   this Notice. In order of preference, FTA
   permits:
   a. Electronic Submission in Team-
      Web. An Applicant registered in TEAM-
      Web must submit its FTA Certifications
      and Assurances, as well as its
      applications for Federal assistance in
      TEAM Web, FTA prefer that other
      Applicants for Federal assistance submit
      their FTA Certifications and Assurances
      through TEAM-Wol.
      The TEAM-Wol “Recipients” option
      at the “Cert’s & Assurances” tab of the
      “View/Modify Recipients” page contains
      fields for selecting among the twenty-
      four (24) categories of FTA
      Certifications and Assurances to be
      submitted. There is also a field for
      entering a single selection covering all
      twenty-four (24) categories of FTA
      Certifications and Assurances.
      Within the “Cert’s & Assurances” tab is a field for the Applicant’s authorized
      representative to enter his or her personal identification number (PIN),
      which constitutes the Applicant’s electronic signature for the FTA
      Certifications and Assurances selected.
      In addition, there is a field for the
      Applicant’s attorney to enter his or her PIN, affirming the Applicant’s legal
      authority to make and comply with the FTA Certifications and Assurances the
      Applicant has selected. The Applicant’s
      authorized representative may enter his or her PIN in lieu of the Attorney’s
      PIN, provided that the Applicant has a
      current Affirmation of Applicant’s
      Attorney as set forth in Appendix A of
      this Notice, written and signed by the
      attorney in Federal FY 2011.
      For more information, the Applicant
      may contact the appropriate FTA
      Regional Office or Metropolitan Office
      listed in this Notice.
      Authority: 49 U.S.C. chapter 53; the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient
      Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA–LU), as amended by
      the SAFETEA–LU Technical Corrections Act, 2009, Pub. L. 110–244, June 6, 2009; Title 23, United States Code (Highways); other Federal
      laws administered by FTA; U.S. DOT
      regulations at Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations; and FTA
      Circulars.
      Issued in Washington, DC this 20th day of
      October 2010.

Peter M. Rengo,
Administrator.

FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2011
CERTIFICATIONS AND ASSURANCES FOR
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION
ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

PREFACE
In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 5321(h), the following certifications and assurances have been compiled for Federal Transit Assistance (FTA) assistance programs. FTA requests each Applicant to provide as many certifications and assurances as needed for all programs for which the Applicant intends to seek FTA assistance during Federal Fiscal Year 2011. Category 01 applies to all Applicants. Category 02 applies to all applications for Federal assistance in excess of $100,000. Categories 03 through 24 will apply to applications for award for some, but not all, Applicants and projects. An Applicant may select a single certification that will cover all the programs for which it anticipates submitting an application. FTA requests each Applicant to read each certification and assurance carefully and select all certifications and assurances that may apply to the programs for which it expects to seek Federal assistance. FTA and the Applicant understand and agree that not every provision of these certifications and assurances will apply to every Applicant or every program for which FTA provides Federal financial assistance through a Grant Agreement or Cooperative

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Administrative Guide for Transit Programs
July 2011 – June 2012 Funding Cycle
Agreement. The type of project and the
portions of the statute authorizing Federal
funding for the project will
determine which provisions apply. The terms
of those certifications and assurances reflect
applicable requirements of FTA’s enabling
legislation currently in effect.

The Applicant also understands and
agrees that the certifications and
assurances are special pre-award
requirements specifically prescribed by
Federal law or regulation and do not
exempt the Applicant from Federal laws,
regulations, and directives that may apply to the Applicant or its
project. A comprehensive list of those
Federal laws, regulations, and directives is
contained in the FTA Master Agreement
MA(17) for Federal Fiscal Year 2011 at the
FTA Web site http://www.fta.dot.gov/
document/17-Master.pdf. The certifications and
assurances in this document have been streamlined to remove
provisions not covered by statutory or regulatory
certification or assurance requirements.

Regardless, many requirements of these
certifications and assurances will require the
timeliness of the submission of an
Applicant. Therefore, we strongly recommend that each
Applicant, including a State, that will be
undertaking projects through one or more
subrecipients, secure sufficient
documentation from each subrecipient to
assure compliance, not only with these
certifications and assurances, but also with
the terms of the Grant Agreement or
Cooperative Agreement for the project, and
the applicable Master Agreement for its
project, if applicable. Incorporated herein by
reference. Each Applicant is ultimately
responsible for compliance with the
requirements of the certifications and
assurances applicable to itself or its project
irrespective of participation in the project by
any other Applicant. The Applicant must
understand that when it applies for Federal
assistance on behalf of a consortium, joint
venture, partnership, or team, each member
of that consortium, joint
venture, partnership, or team is responsible for
compliance with the certifications and
assurances the Applicant selects.

FTA strongly encourages each Applicant to
submit its certifications and
assurances through TEAM-Web. FTA’s electronic
award and management system.

Categories of certifications and assurances are
disclosed in the “Certifications &
Assurances” tab of “View/Modify
Recipients.” Should the Applicant choose not
to submit its certifications and assurances
through TEAM-Web, the Applicant may
submit its certifications and assurances on
paper by submitting the Signature Page(s)
at the end of this document, indicating the
certifications and assurances it is making on
one side of the document or on one page, and
signing its affirmation and that of its attorney
on the other side or other page.

01. ASSURANCES REQUIRED FOR EACH
APPLICANT

Each Applicant for FTA assistance
must provide all assurances in this
Category “01.” Except to the extent that FTA expressly
determines otherwise in writing, FTA may
not award any Federal assistance until the
Applicant receives the following assurances by
selecting Category “01.”

A. Assurance of Authority of the Applicant and
   its Representative

The authorized representative of the
Applicant and the attorney who sign these
certifications, assurances, and agreements
affirm that both the Applicant and its
authorized representative have adequate
authority under applicable State, local,
or Federal tribal law and regulations, and the
Applicant’s by-laws or internal rules to:
(1) Execute and file the application for
   Federal assistance on behalf of the Applicant;
(2) Execute and file the required
   certifications, assurances, and agreements on
   behalf of the Applicant binding the
   Applicant; and
(3) Execute grant agreements and
   cooperative agreements with FTA on behalf
   of the Applicant.

B. Standard Assurances

The Applicant assures that it will comply
with all applicable Federal statutes and
regulations in carrying out any project
supported by an FTA grant or cooperative
agreement. The Applicant agrees that it
will make a continuing obligation to comply
with the terms and conditions of the FTA
grant agreement or cooperative agreement,
including the FTA Master Agreement that
is incorporated by reference and made part of
the latest amendment to its grant agreement
or cooperative agreement with FTA issued
for its project. The Applicant recognizes that
Federal laws and regulations may be
modified from time to time and those
modifications may affect project
implementation. The Applicant understands
that Presidential executive orders and
Federal directives, including Federal policies
and program guidance may be issued
concerning matters affecting the Applicant or
its project. The Applicant agrees that the
most recent Federal laws, regulations, and
directives will apply to the project, unless
FTA issues a written determination
otherwise.

C. Intergovernmental Review Assurance

Except if the Applicant is an Indian Tribal
government seeking assistance authorized
by 49 U.S.C. 5321(d)(3), the Applicant assures
that each application for Federal assistance it
submits to FTA has been submitted or will
be submitted for intergovernmental review in
an appropriate and legal agencies as
determined by the State. Specifically, the
Applicant assures that it has fulfilled or will
fulfill the obligations imposed on FTA by
U.S. Department of Transportation (U.S.
DOT) regulations, “Intergovernmental Review of
Department of Transportation Programs and
Activities,” 49 CFR part 17. This
assurance does not apply to Applicants for
Federal assistance under FTA’s Tribal Transit
Program, 49 C.F.R. 331.1(c)(3).

D. Nondiscrimination Assurance

As required by 49 U.S.C 5332 (which
prohibits discrimination on the basis of race,
color, creed, national origin, sex, or age, and
prohibits discrimination in employment or
business opportunity), by Title VI of the Civil
Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C.
2000d, and by U.S. DOT regulations,
“Nondiscrimination in Federally-Assisted
Programs of the Department of
Transportation—Effectuation of Title VI of
the Civil Rights Act,” 49 CFR part 21 at 21.7,
the Applicant assures that it will comply
with all requirements imposed by or issued
pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 5322, 42 U.S.C. 2000d,
and 49 CFR part 21, so that no person in the
United States, on the basis of race, color,
national origin, sex, or age will be
excluded from participation in, denied the
equal benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to
discrimination in any program or activity
(particularly in the level and quality of
transportation services and transportation-
related benefits for which the Applicant
receives Federal assistance awarded by the
U.S. DOT or FTA.

Specifically, during the period in which
Federal assistance is extended to the project,
or project property is used in the
provision of those services or benefits, or as long
as the Applicant retains ownership or
possession of the project, property, whichever
is longer, the Applicant assures that:

1. Each project will be conducted,
   property acquisitions will be undertaken,
   and project facilities will be operated in
   accordance with all applicable requirements of
   CFR part 21, and understands that this
   assurance extends to its entire facility and to
   facilities operated in connection with the
   project,

2. It will promptly take the necessary
   actions to effectuate this assurance, including
   notifying the public that complaints of
discrimination in the provision of
   transportation-related services or benefits
   may be filed with U.S. DOT or FTA. Upon
   request by U.S. DOT or FTA, the Applicant
   assures that it will submit the required
   information pertaining to its compliance with
   these provisions.

3. It will include in each subagreement,
   property transfer agreement, third party
   Subcontract, third party subcontracts, or
   participation agreement adequate provisions
to extend the requirements imposed by or
   issued pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 5322, 42 U.S.C.
   2000d and 49 CFR part 21 to other parties
   (including transit agencies, successors,
   transferees, third party contractor, third
   party subcontractor at any level, successor in
   interest, or any other participant in the
   project).

4. It shall transfer real property,
   structures, or improvements financed with
   Federal assistance provided by FTA to
   another party, any deed and instruments
   recording the transfer of that property shall
   contain a covenant running with the land
   for assuring nondiscrimination for the period
during which the property is used for a
   purpose for which the Federal assistance is
   extended or for another purpose involving
   the provision of similar services or benefits;

5. The United States has a right to seek
   judicial enforcement with regard to any
   noncompliance arising under Title VI of the
   Civil Rights Act, U.S. DOT implementing
   regulations, and this assurance;
(6) It will make any changes in its Title VI implementing procedures as U.S. DOT or
PTA may request to achieve compliance with the requirements imposed by or issued
E. Assurance of nondiscrimination on the
Basis of Disability
As required by U.S. DOT regulations, "Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Handicap in
Programs and Activities Receiving or Benefiting from Federal Financial Assistance," as
49 CFR 27.9, the Applicant agrees that as a condition to the acceptance or
extension of any Federal assistance awarded by FTA to construct any facility, obtain any
rolling stock or other equipment, undertake studies or research projects, or participate in a
project, to obtain any benefit from any program administered by FTA, or to receive federal
assistance otherwise, the Applicant must assure program participants that the contract has
been issued in accordance with the Federal Regulation implementing the Rehabilitation
49 CFR parts 27, 37, and 38, and any other applicable Federal laws that may be enacted or
Federal regulations that may be promulgated.
F. Suspension and Disqualification
In accordance with the terms of U.S. DOT regulations, "Nonprocurement Suspension and
Disqualification," 49 CFR Part 205, which adopts and supplements the provisions of
U.S. Office of Management and Budget (U.S. OMB) Guidelines to Agencies on
Governmentwide Suspension and Disqualification (nonprocurement), 49 CFR Part 205,
(1) The Applicant (Primary Participant) certifies that it and its principals, including its
first tier subcontractors:
(a) Are not presently debarred or otherwise disciplined or disqualified; and
(b) Have not within a three-year period preceding its latest application or proposal
been convicted of or plead guilty or nolo contendere to a criminal offense in connection
with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performance of a Federal, State, or local
contract, or contract under a public-transaction; violation of any Federal or State
criminal statute; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification
or destruction of records, making any false statement, or receiving stolen
property.
(2) It is not presently in default or otherwise disciplined or disqualified by a governmental entity (Federal, State, or local) with commission of any of the offenses listed
in subparagraph (1)(b) of this certification.
(3) Have not within a three-year period preceding the certification had an order of debarment, suspension, or show cause issued by the Federal Office or State or local
terminated for cause or default.
(2) The Applicant (Primary Participant) certifies that it and its principals, including its
first tier subcontractors, will treat each lower-tier contractor or subcontractor under the
require that (a) either or both parties to the subcontract or agreement is not in default
in the performance of the subcontract or agreement, or (b) requires the certification of a
Federal official, as a condition for full performance of the agreement, and that the agreement
shall be concluded in accordance with the Federal provisions implementing the
Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 726, et seq., and any other applicable
Federal laws that may be enacted or Federal regulations that may be promulgated.
(3) Suspension and Disqualification
(4) The Applicant (Primary Participant) or any of its principals, including any of its first
tier subcontractors or lower-tier subcontractors, is not included in any list of disbarred or
disqualified entities maintained by any Federal, State, or local government or agency.
(4) The Applicant (Primary Participant) certifies that it and its principals, including its
first tier subcontractors or lower-tier subcontractors, are not included in any list of
disbarred or disqualified entities maintained by any Federal, State, or local government or
agency.
G. U.S. OMB Assurance
Consistent with U.S. OMB assurances set forth in SF-424B and SF-424D the
Applicant certifies that, with respect to itself or its project, the Applicant:
(1) Has the legal authority to apply for
(a) Federal assistance and the institutional, management, and accounting capability
(including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project cost) to assure proper
management, monitoring, and completion of the project described in its application.
(b) Will provide the Comptroller General of the United States, and, if appropriate, the
State, through any authorized representative, access to and the right to examine all records,
books, papers, or documents related to the award; and will establish a proper accounting
system in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or standards or
accounting procedures.
(2) Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for
purposes that constitute or present the appearance of personal or organizational conflict
of interest or personal gain.
(3) Will maintain and complete the work within the applicable project term periods
following receipt of FTA approval.
(4) Will comply with all applicable Federal statues relating to nondiscrimination
including but not limited to:
(a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, 42
U.S.C. 2000d, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin;
(b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, 20 U.S.C. 1681, through
1683, and 1684 through 1687, and U.S. DOT regulations, "Non-discrimination on the
Basis of Sex in Federal Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance," 49
CFR part 28, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex;
(c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation
Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 794, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of
disability;
(d) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 601 through 607,
which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age;
(e) The Drug Abuse Office and Treatment
Act of 1972, as amended, 21 U.S.C. 1101 et seq., relating to non-discrimination on the
basis of drug abuse;
(f) The Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and
Alcoholism Prevention Act of 1975, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4021 et seq., relating to
non-discrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism;
(g) The Public Health Service Act of 1912, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 296, et seq., relating to
confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records;
(h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, 42
U.S.C. 2000 et seq., relating to
non-discrimination in the sale, rental, or financing of housing; and
(i) Any other nondiscrimination statute(s)
that may apply to the project;
(j) To the extent applicable, will comply
with, or has complied with, the requirements of Titles II and III of the
Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as
amended, (Uniform Relocation Act 42 U.S.C. 4601 et seq., which, among other things, provides for fair
and equitable treatment of persons displaced as a result of project whose property is acquired as a
result of federally assisted programs; these requirements apply to all interests in real
property acquired for project purposes and displaced caused by the project, regardless of
Federal participation in any acquisition.
As required by sections 210 and 316 of the Uniform Relocation Act, 42 U.S.C. 4630 and 4665 and by U.S. DOT regulations, "Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition for Federal and Federally Assisted Programs," 49 CFR part 24, the
Applicant agrees that it has the requisite authority under applicable State and local
to incorporate the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Act, 42 U.S.C. 4601 et seq., and U.S. DOT regulations, "Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition for Federal and Federally Assisted Programs," 49 CFR part 24, and will comply with that Act as it is incorporated into
this Agreement and those implementing regulations, including but not limited to the following:
(1) The Applicant will adequately inform each affected person of the benefits, policies, and
procedures provided for in 49 CFR part 24;
(2) The Applicant will provide fair and reasonable relocation payment and
assistance as required by 42 U.S.C. 4622, 4623, and 4624; 49 CFR part 24; and any
applicable FTA procedure, to reframe individuals, partnerships, corporations, or
associations displaced as a result of any project financed with FTA assistance;
(c) The Applicant will provide relocation assistance programs offering the services described in 42 U.S.C. 4653 to such displaced families, individuals, partnerships, corporations, or associations in the manner provided in 49 CFR part 24;
(d) The Applicant shall, before displacement, make available comparable replacement dwelling to displaced families and individuals as required by 42 U.S.C. 4653(b);
(e) The Applicant will carry out the relocation process in such manner as to provide displaced persons with uniform and consistent services, and will make available replacement housing in the same range of choices with respect to such housing to all displaced persons regardless of race, color, religion, or national origin.
(f) In acquiring real property, the Applicant will be guided to the greatest extent practicable under State law, by the real property acquisition policies of 42 U.S.C. 4651 and 4652;
(g) The Applicant will pay or reimburse property owners for their necessary expenses as provided in 42 U.S.C. 4653 and with the understanding that FTA will provide Federal financial assistance for the Applicant’s eligible costs of providing payments for these expenses, as required by 42 U.S.C. 4651;
(h) The Applicant will execute such amendments to third party contracts and subagreements financed with FTA assistance and include in the contract, and be bound by such additional documents as FTA may determine necessary to effectuate or implement the assurances provided herein; and
(i) The Applicant agrees to make these assurances part of or incorporate them by reference into any third party contract or subagreement, or any amendments thereto, relating to any project financed by FTA, involving relocation or land acquisition and provide in any affected document that these relocation and land acquisition provisions shall survive any conflicting provisions;
(k) To the extent applicable, will comply with the flood insurance purchase requirements of section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4021(a), requiring the Applicant and its sub contractors in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is $100,000 or more;
(l) To the extent applicable, will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, 42 U.S.C. 4833B, which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in the construction or rehabilitation of residence structures;
(m) To the extent applicable, will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of the real property title or other interest in the site and facilities on which a construction project supported with FTA assistance takes place without permission and instructions from FTA;
(n) To the extent required by FTA, will record the Federal interest in the title of real property, and will include a covenant in the title of real property required in whole or in part with Federal assistance funds to assure nondiscrimination during the useful life of the project;
(o) To the extent applicable, will comply with FTA provisions concerning the drafting, review, and approval of construction plans and specifications of any construction project supported with FTA assistance. As required by U.S. DOT regulations, “Seismic Safety,” 49 CFR 41.117(d), before accepting delivery of any building financed with FTA assistance, it will obtain a certificate of compliance with the seismic design and construction requirements of 40 CFR part 41;
(p) To the extent applicable, will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site of any project supported with FTA assistance to assure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications, and will furnish progress reports and such other information as may be required by FTA or the State;
(q) To the extent applicable, will comply with any governmental standards that may be prescribed to implement the following Federal laws and executive orders:
(a) Institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4321 through 4335 and Executive Order No. 11934, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4321 note;
(b) Notification of violating facilities pursuant to Executive Order No. 11738, 42 U.S.C. 7686 note;
(c) Protection of wetlands pursuant to Executive Order No. 11906, 42 U.S.C. 4321 note;
(d) Evaluation of flood hazards in floodplains pursuant to Executive Order No. 11988, 42 U.S.C. 4321 note;
(e) Assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed pursuant to the requirements of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 1451 through 1465;
(f) Conformity of Federal actions to State (Clean Air) Implementation Plans under section 170(c) of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401 through 7475p;
(g) Protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1986, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 3001 through 3006;
(h) Protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 1531 through 1534, and
(i) Environmental protections for Federal transportation programs, including, but not limited to, protections for parks, recreation areas, or wildlife or waterfowl refuges of national, State, or local significance or any land from a historic site of national, State, or local significance to be used in a transportation project required by 49 U.S.C. 303(b) and 306(c);
(j) Protection of the components of the national wild and scenic rivers systems, as required under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 1271 through 1277;
(l) To the extent applicable, will comply with the requirements of the Hatch Act, 5 U.S.C. 1301 through 1306 and 7324 through 7326, which limit the political activities of State and local agencies and their officers and employees whose employment activities are financed in whole or in part with Federal funds including a Federal loan, grant, cooperative agreement, or cooperative agreement except in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(k)(2) and 23 U.S.C. 142(g), the Hatch Act does not apply to a supervisory employee of a public transportation system (or of any other agency or entity performing related functions) receiving FTA assistance to whom that Act does not otherwise apply;
(n) Regarding the protection of human subjects involved in research, development, and related activities supported by Federal assistance;
(o) To the extent applicable, will comply with the Animal Welfare Act, as amended, 7 U.S.C. 2131 et seq., and U.S. Department of Agriculture regulations, “Animal Welfare,” 9 CFR, chapter A, parts 2, 3, and 4, regarding the care, handling, and treatment of warm blooded animals held or used for research, teaching, or other activities supported by Federal assistance;
(p) Will have performed the financial an compliance audits as required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, 31 U.S.C. 7501 et seq., U.S. OMB Circular A-87, “Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,” Revised, and the most recent applicable U.S. OMB A-133 Compliance Supplement provisions for the U.S. DOT;
(q) To the extent applicable, will comply with all applicable provisions of all other Federal laws or regulations, and follow Federal directives governing the project, except to the extent that FTA has expressly approved otherwise in writing.
02. LOBBYING CERTIFICATION
An Applicant that submits or intends to submit an application for FTA for any Federal grant, loan, (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance exceeding $100,000 is required to provide the following certification:
A Federal grant, loan, (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance exceeding $100,000 until In Applicant provides this certification by selecting Category "02".
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A. As required by 49 U.S.C. 1908 and U.S. DOT regulations, “New Restrictions on Lobbying,” at §9 CFR 20.110, the Applicant’s authorized representative certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that for each award of Federal funds to U.S. DOT or FTA for a Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, or a commitment that the Federal Government to guarantee or insure a loan exceeding $100,000:  
(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been or will be paid to or on behalf of the Applicant to any person to influence or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress regarding the award of a Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance, or any extension, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance;  
(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been or will be paid to or on behalf of the Applicant to any person to influence or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any application for a Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance, the Applicant assures that it will complete and submit Standard Form L-11, “Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying,” in accordance with its instructions; and  
(3) The language of this certification shall be included in the award documents for all awards at all tiers (including contracts, subcontracts, subagreements, and contracts under grants) having a line of credit, cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance, the Applicant assures that it will complete and submit Standard Form L-11, “Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying,” in accordance with its instructions.

B. The Applicant understands that this certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed by the Federal government and that submission of this certification is a prerequisite for providing a Federal grant, loan (including a line of credit), cooperative agreement, loan guarantee, or loan insurance for a transaction covered by 49 U.S.C. 1908. The Applicant also understands that any person who fails to file a required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $100,000 and not more than $100,000 for each such failure.

03. PROCUREMENT COMPLIANCE

In accordance with 49 CFR 20.9 and 20.101, each Applicant that is a State, local, or Indian Tribal government that is seeking Federal assistance to acquire property or services in support of its project is requested to provide the following certifications by selecting Category “03.” FTA also requests other Applicants to provide the following certifications. An Applicant for FTA assistance to acquire property or services in support of its project that fails to provide this certification may be determined not in material compliance with Federal assistance for the project, if FTA determines that its procurement practices and procurement system fail to comply with Federal procurement regulations in accordance with applicable Federal directives.

The Applicant certifies that its procurement system will comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations in accordance with applicable Federal directives, except to the extent FTA has expressly approved otherwise in writing.

04. PROTECTION FOR PRIVATE TRANSPORTATION PROVIDERS

Each Applicant that is a State, local, or Indian Tribal government that is seeking Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 to acquire existing real property or an interest in the property of a private provider of public transportation service or facilities to support such service or facilities to support such service or facilities is required to provide the following certification. FTA may not award Federal assistance for such a project until the Applicant provides this certification by selecting Category “04.”

As required by 49 U.S.C. 5321(h)(1), the Applicant certifies that before it acquires the property or an interest in the property of a private provider of public transportation service or facilities to support such service or facilities, the Applicant has assisted in the acquisition of the property of a private provider of public transportation service or facilities to support such service or facilities.

As required by 49 U.S.C. 5321(h)(1), the Applicant certifies that before it acquires the property or an interest in the property of a private provider of public transportation service or facilities to support such service or facilities, the Applicant has assisted in the acquisition of the property of a private provider of public transportation service or facilities to support such service or facilities.

05. PUBLIC HEARING

An Applicant seeking Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 for a capital project that will substantially affect a community or a community’s public transportation service is required to provide the following certification. FTA may not award Federal assistance for a capital project of that type until the Applicant provides this certification by selecting Category “05.”

As required by 49 U.S.C. 5321(h)(3), for a proposed capital project that will substantially affect a community or the public transportation service of a community, the Applicant certifies that it has, before submitting its application, it will have:

A. Provided an adequate opportunity for public review and comment on the proposed project;  
B. After providing notice, including a concise description of the proposed project published in a newspaper of general circulation in the geographic area to be served, held a public hearing on the project;  
C. Considered the economic, social, and environmental impacts of the proposed project; and  
D. Determined that the proposed project is consistent with official plans for developing the community.

06. ACQUISITION OF ROLLING STOCK FOR USE IN REVENUE SERVICE

An Applicant seeking Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 to acquire any rolling stock for use in revenue service is requested to provide the following certification. FTA may not award any Federal assistance to acquire such rolling stock until the Applicant provides this certification by selecting Category “06.”

As required by 49 U.S.C. 5321(m) and implementing FTA regulations, “Pre-Award and Post Delivery Audit of Rolling-Stock Purchases,” 49 CFR part 663, 49 CFR 663.7, the Applicant certifies that it will comply with the requirements of 49 CFR part 663 as modified by amendments authorized by section 20202(a)(4) of SAFETEA-LU urban commuter railroad service rolling stock.

07. ACQUISITION OF CAPITAL ASSETS BY LEASE

An Applicant that intends to request the use of Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 to acquire capital assets by lease is requested to provide the following certifications. FTA may not provide Federal assistance to support the lease until the Applicant provides this certification by selecting Category “07.”

As required by FTA regulations, “Leasing of Capital Assets,” 49 CFR part 639, 49 CFR 639.15(b) and 49 CFR 639.23, if the Applicant acquires any capital asset by lease financed with Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53, the Applicant certifies as follows:

(1) It will not use Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 to finance the cost of leasing any capital asset until it produces documentation demonstrating that leasing the capital asset would be more cost-effective than purchasing or constructing a similar asset; and it will complete these calculations before entering into the lease or before receiving a capital grant for the asset, whichever is later; and  
(2) It will not enter into a capital lease for which FTA can provide only incremental Federal assistance unless it has adequate financial resources to meet its future obligations under the lease if Federal assistance is not available for capital projects in the subsequent years.

08. BUS TESTING

An Applicant for Federal assistance appropriated or made available for 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 to acquire any rolling stock, or to fund any bus model with a new major change in configuration or component, is required to provide the following certifications. FTA may not provide Federal assistance for the acquisition of any new bus model or bus.
As required by 49 U.S.C. § 5332(f) and FTA regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, the Applicant certifies that the bus service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, is the same as or as nearly as possible comparable to the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, and that it is in compliance with the terms and conditions of that service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665.

B. The Applicant certifies that the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, is the same as or as nearly as possible comparable to the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, and that it is in compliance with the terms and conditions of that service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665.

C. The Applicant certifies that the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, is the same as or as nearly as possible comparable to the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, and that it is in compliance with the terms and conditions of that service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665.

D. The Applicant certifies that the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, is the same as or as nearly as possible comparable to the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, and that it is in compliance with the terms and conditions of that service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665.

E. The Applicant certifies that the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, is the same as or as nearly as possible comparable to the service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665, and that it is in compliance with the terms and conditions of that service authorized under the Federal Transit Act (FTA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, "Bus Transit," at 49 CFR part 665.
As used in this assurance, the term “Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) project” is defined to include any project that in whole or in part finances the acquisition of technologies or systems of technologies that can be significantly improved by a grant provided to the provision of one or more ITS user services as defined in the “National ITS Architecture.”

A. As provided in subsection 5307(c) of SAFETEA-LU, 23 U.S.C. 512 note, Apart from certain exceptions, “Intelligent transportation system projects carried out using funds made available from the Highway Trust Fund, including funds made available under this subtitle to deploy intelligent transportation system technologies, shall conform to the national architecture, applicable standards or provisions of law, and protocols developed under subsection (a) of section 1307 of SAFETEA-LU.” To facilitate compliance with subsection 5307(c) of SAFETEA-LU, 23 U.S.C. 512 note, the Applicant assures it will comply with all applicable provisions of Section V (Regional ITS Architecture) and Section VI (Project Implementation) of Title 23, part 66, of the Federal Register, as amended from time to time.

B. With respect to any ITS project financed with Federal assistance derived from a source other than Title 49 or Title 23, United States Code, except to the extent that FTA expressly determines otherwise in writing, the Applicant will use its best efforts to assure that any ITS project it undertakes will not interfere with other intelligent transportation systems in the Region.

15. URBANIZED AREA FORMULA PROGRAM

Each Applicant for Urbanized Area Formula Program assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5307 is required to provide the following certifications on behalf of itself and any subrecipient participating in its projects. Unless FTA determines otherwise in writing, the Applicant is ultimately responsible for compliance with its certifications and assurances even though a subrecipient, lessee, third party contractor, or other participant may participate in that project. Consequently, in providing certifications and assurances that involve the compliance of its prospective subrecipients, the Applicant is strongly encouraged to take appropriate measures, including but not limited to obtaining satisfactory documentation from each subrecipient to assure the validity of all certifications and assurances the Applicant has made to FTA. If, however, a “Designated Recipient” as defined at 49 U.S.C. 5307(3)(32)(A) enters into a Supplemental Agreement with FTA and a Prospective Company that Guarantee is recognized as the Applicant for Urbanized Area Program assistance and must provide the following certifications and assurances:

Each Applicant is required by 49 U.S.C. 5307(11) to comply at least one (1) percent of its Urbanized Area Formula Program assistance for public transportation security projects, unless the Applicant has certified that such expenditures are not necessary. Information about the Applicant’s intentions will be recorded in the “Security Program” tab page of the FTA’s ITS Web “Project Information” window when the Applicant enters its Urbanized Area Formula Program application in TEAM-Web.

FTA may not award Urbanized Area Formula Program assistance to any Applicant that is required by 49 U.S.C. 5307(11) to expend one (1) percent of its Urbanized Area Formula Program assistance for eligible transit enhancements unless that Applicant’s quarterly report for the fourth quarter of the preceding Fiscal Year has been submitted to FTA and includes the requisite list or the Applicant attaches to the Quarterly Report in TEAM-Web or includes in its quarterly report information sufficient to demonstrate that the Designated Recipients in the area together have expended one (1) percent of the amount of Urbanized Area Program assistance made available to them for transit enhancement projects.

FTA may not award Federal assistance for the Urbanized Area Formula Program to the Applicant until the Applicant provides these certifications and assurances by selecting Category “15.”

As required by 49 U.S.C. 5307(1), the Applicant certifies as follows:

A. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(3), the Applicant has or will have the legal, financial, and technical capacity to manage and operate its proposed program of projects, including the safety and security aspects of that program;

B. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(3), the Applicant has or will have satisfactory continuing control over the use of Project equipment and facilities;

C. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(3), the Applicant will adequately maintain the Project equipment and facilities;

D. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(3), the Applicant will assume that any elderly, individual, any individual with disabilities, or any person presenting a Medicare card to himself or herself pursuant to Title II or Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq. or 42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), will be charged for transportation during non-peak hours using or involving a facility or equipment of a project financed with Federal assistance authorized for 49 U.S.C. 5307, not more than fifty (50) percent of the peak hour fare;

E. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(3), the Applicant, in carrying out a procurement financed with Federal assistance, shall accept any awarding authority that is an eligible recipient of Federal funds and enter into a procurement agreement on the terms and conditions of the awarding authority.

F. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(3), the Applicant has or will comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5307(11).
A. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(A), the Applicant has or will have the legal, financial, and technical capacity to carry out its proposed program of projects, including the safety and security aspects of that program.

B. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(B), the Applicant has or will have satisfactory continuing control over the use of project equipment and facilities.

C. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(C), the Applicant will adequately maintain the project equipment and facilities.

D. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(D), the Applicant will assure that any elderly, individual, any individual with disabilities, or any person presenting a Medicaid card issued to himself or herself pursuant to title II or title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq. or 42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) will be charged for transportation under 49 U.S.C. fees, hours using or involving a facility or equipment of a project financed with federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5306, not more than fifteen (15) percent of the peak hour fare.

E. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(E), the Applicant will comply with all applicable Federal, State, local, and foreign laws, rules, and regulations, and will adhere to all necessary requirements of the Federal Transit Act.

F. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(F), the Applicant has and will continue to observe all applicable Federal, State, local, and foreign laws, rules, and regulations, and will adhere to all necessary requirements of the Federal Transit Act.

G. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(G), the Applicant will have or will develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive plan to ensure the use of transportation services provided for elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

H. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(H), the Applicant will comply with all requirements for Federal transportation systems that require the establishment of such systems, and the public shall, on the basis of this information, be provided with a list of those systems.

17. ELDERLY INDIVIDUALS AND INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES FORMULA GRANT PROGRAM AND PILOT PROGRAM

Before a FTA can make grant awards, the Applicant must provide the following certifications to FTA:

A. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

B. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

C. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

D. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

E. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

F. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

G. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

H. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

I. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

J. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.

K. The Applicant must certify that it has not received any Federal assistance for transportation services provided to the elderly, individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as applicable, under the program.
Individuals with Disabilities Formula Grant Program to the extent that the Federal Transit Administrator or his or her designee determines appropriate, and 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1), the State or State organization serving as the Applicant (State) and that administrators, on behalf of the State, the Elderly Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities Program authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5310, and, if applicable, the Elderly Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities Pilot Program authorized by subsection 3012(b) of SAFETEA-LU, 49 U.S.C. 5310 note, certifies and assures on behalf of itself and its subrecipients as follows:

(1) In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(A), the Applicant has or will have the legal, financial, and technical capability to carry out its proposed program of projects, including the safety and security aspects of that program.

(2) In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(B), the Applicant has or will have satisfactory continuing control over the use of project equipment and facilities; 5307(d)(1)(C), the Applicant will adequately maintain the project equipment and facilities; 5307(d)(1)(D), the Applicant, in carrying out a procurement financed with Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5310 or subsection 3012(b) of SAFETEA-LU may use competitive procurement (as defined or approved by FTA), (2) will not use exclusionary or discriminatory specifications in the procurement process, (3) will use applicable Buy America laws, and (4) will comply with the general provisions for FTA assistance of 49 U.S.C. 5322 and the third party purchase requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5322;

(1) The State has or will have available and will provide the amount of funds required by 49 U.S.C. 5310(c), and if applicable by subsections 3012(b)(3) and (4) of SAFETEA-LU, for the local share, and that those funds will be provided from approved non-Federal sources except as permitted by Federal law; and

(3) In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1)(H), the Applicant will comply with: (1) 49 U.S.C. 5301(a)(requirements for public transportation systems that maximize the safe, secure, and efficient mobility of individuals, minimize environmental impacts, and minimize transportation-related fuel consumption and reliance on foreign oil); (2) 49 U.S.C. 5301(d)(special efforts to design and provide public transportation for elderly individuals and individuals with disabilities; and (3) 49 U.S.C. 5303 through 5306 (planning and private enterprise requirements).

B. The State assures that each subrecipient either is recognized under State law as a private nonprofit organization with the legal capability to contract with the State to carry out the proposed project, or is a public body that meets the statutory requirements to receive Federal assistance authorized for 49 U.S.C. 5310;

(1) The State certifies that the private nonprofit subrecipient's application for 49 U.S.C. 5310 assistance contains information from which the State concludes that the transit service provided or offered to be provided by existing public or private transit operators is unavailable, insufficient, or inappropriate to meet the special needs of the elderly and persons with disabilities; D. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5310(d)(2)(A) and subsection 3012(b)(2) of SAFETEA-LU, the State certifies that, before it transfers funds to a project funded under 49 U.S.C. 5336, that project has been or will have been coordinated with private nonprofit providers of services under 49 U.S.C. 5310.

E. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5310(d)(2)(C), the State certifies that allocations to subrecipients of financial assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5310 or subsection 3012(b) of SAFETEA-LU will be distributed on a fair and equitable basis; and

F. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5310(d)(2)(C) and subsection 3012(b)(2) of SAFETEA-LU, the State certifies that (1) projects it has selected or will select for assistance under that program were derived from a locally developed, coordinated public transit-human services transportation plan and (2) the plan was developed through a process that included representatives of public, private, and nonprofit transportation and human services providers and participation by the public.

18. NONURBANIZED AREA FORMULA PROGRAM FOR STATES

The provisions of 49 U.S.C. 5311 establishing the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program for States are contained in Category 22 for an Indian Tribe that is an Applicant for Tribal Transit Program assistance authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5313(c)(1).

Before FTA may award Nonurbanized Area Formula Program grants to a State, the U.S. Secretary of Transportation or his or her designee is required to make the pre-award determinations required by 49 U.S.C. 5311. Because certain information is needed before FTA can make those determinations, each State is required to provide the following certifications and assurances on behalf of itself and its subrecipients. Unprocessed FTA determines otherwise in writing, the State is ultimately responsible for compliance with its certifications and assurances even though a subrecipient, lessor, third party contractor, or other participant may participate in that project. Consequently, in providing certifications and assurances that involve the compliance of its prospective subrecipients, the State is strongly encouraged to take the appropriate measures, including but not limited to obtaining sufficient documentation from each subrecipient, to assure the validity of all certifications and assurances the State has made to FTA. A State that fails to provide these certifications and assurances on behalf of itself and its subrecipients may be determined ineligible for a grant of Federal assistance under 49 U.S.C. 5311 if FTA lacks sufficient information from which to make those determinations required by Federal laws and regulations governing the Nonurbanized Area Formula Program authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5311. The State is then required to select Category "B.

The State or State organization serving as the Applicant and that administrators, on behalf of the State, the Elderly Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities Program Formula Program for States authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5311, assures on behalf of itself and its subrecipients as follows:

A. The State has or will have the necessary legal, financial, and managerial capability to apply for, receive, and disburse Federal assistance authorized for 49 U.S.C. 5311; and to carry out each project, including the safety and security aspects of that project.

B. The State has or will have satisfactory continuing control over the use of project equipment and facilities.

C. The State assures that the project equipment and facilities will be adequately maintained.

D. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5311(h)(2)(C), the State’s program has provided for a fair distribution of Federal assistance authorized for 49 U.S.C. 5311 within the State, including Indian reservations within the State.

E. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5311(h)(2)(C), the State’s program provides or will provide the maximum feasible coordination of public transportation service to persons in rural areas served by the State with transportation service assisted by other Federal sources.

F. The projects in the State’s Nonurbanized Area Formula Program are included in the State’s Statewide Transportation Improvement Program and, to the extent applicable, the projects are included in a metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program.

G. The State has or will have available and will provide the amount of funds required by 49 U.S.C. 5311(h)(3) for the local share, and that those funds will be provided from approved non-Federal sources except as permitted by Federal law; and

H. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5311(i), the State will expend not less than fifteen (15) percent of its Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5311 to develop and support intercity bus transportation within the State, unless the chief executive officer of the State, or his or her designee, after consultation with affected intercity bus service providers, certifies to the Federal Transit Administrator, apart from these certifications and assurances herein, that the intercity bus service needs of the State are being adequately met.

19. JOB ACCESS AND REVERSE COMMUTE FORMULA GRANT PROGRAM

Each Applicant for Job Access and Reverse Commute (JARC) Formula Grant Program assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5316 is required to provide the following certifications on behalf of itself and any subrecipient that may be implementing its project. Unless FTA determines otherwise in writing, the Applicant is ultimately responsible for compliance with its...
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disabilities); and (3) 49 U.S.C. 5303 through 5306 (planning and private enterprise requirements).

In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5317(c), the Applicant certifies that (1) with respect to financial assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5317(c)(1)(A), it will develop in conjunction with the appropriate MPO an alternative solicitation for applications, and make awards on a competitive basis; and (2) with respect to financial assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5317(c)(1)(B) or (C), it will develop a state-wide solicitation for applications, and make awards on a competitive basis.

In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5317(c)(2), the Applicant certifies that in seeking to fund a project funded under 49 U.S.C. 5336, that project has been or will have been coordinated with private nonprofit providers of similar services.

In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5317(e)(2), the Applicant certifies that any allocations to subrecipient financial assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. 5317 will be distributed on a fair and equitable basis. 

In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5317(e)(1), the Applicant certifies that (1) the project it has selected or will select for assistance under this program were derived from a locally developed, coordinated public transportation human services transportation plan; and (2) the plan was developed through a process that included representatives of public, private, and nonprofit transportation and human services providers and through participation by the public.

21. PAUL S. SARANISE TRANSIT IN PARKS PROGRAM

Each State, Tribal area, or local government authority that is an Applicant for the Paul S. Saranise Transit in Parks Program assistance (Applicant) authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(3), is required to provide the following certifications. FTA may not award assistance for the Paul S. Saranise Transit in Parks Program to the Applicant until the Applicant provides these certifications by selecting Category “22”:

A. As required by 49 U.S.C. 5320(b), which makes the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5307 applicable to the Paul S. Saranise Transit in Parks Program to the extent the Federal Transit Administrator or his or her designee determines appropriate, and 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(1), the Applicant certifies as follows:

1. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(1)(A), the Applicant has or will have the Applicant’s service plan and technical capability to carry out its proposed project, including the safety and security aspects of that project;

2. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(1)(B), the Applicant has or will have satisfactory continuing control over the use of project equipment and facilities;

3. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(1)(C), the Applicant will adequately maintain the project equipment and facilities;

4. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(1)(D), the Applicant has or will have competitive procurement (as defined or approved by FTA); and (5) will not use exclusivity or discriminatory specifications in its procurements, (6) will comply with applicable buy America laws, and (4) will comply with the general procurements for FTA assistance of 49 U.S.C. 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5325.

5. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(3)(F) and 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(2)(C), the Applicant has complied with or will comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5307(c).

Specifically, it has made available, or will make available, to the public the information on the amounts available for the Paul S. Saranise Transit in Parks Program, 49 U.S.C. 5330, and the project it proposes to undertake; (2) has developed or will develop in consultation with interested parties including private transportation providers, projects to be financed; (3) has published or will publish a list of proposed projects in a way that selected citizens, private transportation providers, and elected officials have the opportunity to examine the proposed projects and submit comments on the proposed projects; and (4) has assured or will assure that the proposed projects provide for the coordination of transportation services assisted under 49 U.S.C. 5336 with transportation services assisted by another Federal government source; (6) has consulted or will consider the comments and views received, especially those of private transportation providers, in preparing its final list of projects; and (7) has made or will make the final list of projects available to the public.

6. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(4), the Applicant will comply with (1) 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(2) (requirements for public transportation systems that maximize the safety, security, efficiency, and accessibility of the system for the benefit of all individuals, minimize environmental impacts, and minimize transportation-related fuel consumption and reliance on foreign oil); (2) 49 U.S.C. 5307(e)(2) (special efforts to design and provide public transportation service for elderly individuals and individuals with disabilities); and (4) 49 U.S.C. 5303 through 5306 (planning and private enterprise requirements);

7. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(5), the Applicant has a locally developed process that public comment before making a decision.

B. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(6), the Applicant certifies that it will:

1. Comply with the metropolitan planning provisions of 49 U.S.C. 5305;

2. Comply with the statewide planning provisions of 49 U.S.C. 5304; and

3. Consult with the appropriate Federal land management agency during the planning process.

22. TRIBAL TRANSIT PROGRAM

Each Applicant for Tribal Transit Program assistance must provide all certifications and assurances set forth below. Except to the extent that FTA determines otherwise in writing, FTA may not award any Federal assistance under the Tribal Transit Program unless the Applicant provides these certifications and assurances by selecting Category “22”.

In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 5311(c)(1), that addresses the Secretary of Transportation in establishing terms and conditions for direct grants to Indian Tribal governments; the Applicant certifies and agrees as follows:

A. The Applicant certifies that:

1. It has or will have the necessary legal, financial, and managerial capability to apply for, receive, and administer Federal assistance authorized by 49 U.S.C. 5311; and to carry out each project, including the safety and security aspects of that project;

2. It has or will have satisfactory continuing control over the use of project equipment and facilities;

3. The project equipment and facilities will be adequately maintained; and

4. Its project will achieve maximum feasible coordination with transportation services assisted by other Federal sources.

B. In accordance with 49 CFR 28.36A(a)(6), the Applicant certifies that its proposed project will comply with the requirements of 49 CFR 28.36, as will inform FTA promptly that its procurement system does not comply with 49 CFR 28.36.

C. To the extent applicable, the Applicant or its Recipient will certify that it will comply with the certifications, assurances, and agreements in Category 08 (Bus Testing), Category 09 (Charter Bus Agreement), Category 10 (School Transportation Agreement), Category 11 (Demand Responsive Service), Category 12 (Alcohol Misuse and Public Intoxication), and Category 14 (National Intangible Transportation System Architecture and Standards) of this document.

D. If the application exceeds $100,000, the Applicant agrees to comply with the certification in Category 07 (Subletting) of this document.

23. TIFA PROJECTS

Each Applicant for Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFA) credit assistance authorized under 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, is required to provide the following certifications. FTA may not award TIFA credit assistance to the Applicant until the Applicant provides these certifications by selecting Category “23”.

A. As required by 49 U.S.C. 5320(b), which makes the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5307 applicable to Applicants seeking TIFA credit assistance authorized under 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, and by 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(1), the Applicant certifies as follows:

1. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(2), the Applicant has or will have the legal, financial, and technical capacity to carry out its proposed program of projects, including the safety and security aspects of that program;

2. In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(3), the Applicant has or will have satisfactory continuing control over the use of project equipment and facilities.
[3] In compliance with 49 U.S.C. 5307(d)(2)(B), the Applicant will adequately maintain the project equipment and facilities; in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(5), the Applicant will assure that any elderly individual, any individual with disabilities, or any person presenting a Medicare card is issued to himself or herself pursuant to Title II or Title XVII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq. or 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.), will be charged for transportation services using, in certain cases, or involving a facility or equipment of a project financed with Federal assistance authorized under 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, not in excess of 50 percent of the peak hour fare.

[5] In compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(2)(B), the Applicant, in carrying out a project financed with Federal assistance authorized under 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, shall use competitive procurement (as defined or approved by FTA), (2) shall not use exclusionary or discriminatory specifications in its procurement, (3) shall comply with applicable Buy America laws, and (4) shall comply with the general provisions for FTA assistance of 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262.

[6] In compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(5)(B), the Applicant has complied with or will comply with the requirements of 49 U.S.C. § 5307(c). Specifically, it shall: (a) develop, provide, and make available, to the public, the information on the available services for the public transportation project; (b) if provided or will provide an opportunity for a public hearing to obtain the views of the public; (c) if required, will submit a list of projects in a way that is available to citizens, private transportation providers, and local elected officials has the opportunity to examine the proposed projects and the performance of the Applicant, or if provided or will provide an opportunity for a public hearing to obtain the views of the public; (d) if required, will include a list of the projects. (e) If the Applicant has or will provide the information, the Applicant shall provide the information, in a form that is available to citizens, private transportation providers, and local elected officials, and includes a list of the projects. (f) If the Applicant has or will provide the information, the Applicant shall provide the information, in a form that is available to citizens, private transportation providers, and local elected officials, and includes a list of the projects.

[7] In compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1)(C), the Applicant has or will provide the information, in a form that is available to citizens, private transportation providers, and local elected officials, and includes a list of the projects. (f) If the Applicant has or will provide the information, the Applicant shall provide the information, in a form that is available to citizens, private transportation providers, and local elected officials, and includes a list of the projects.

[8] In compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1)(D), the Applicant has or will provide the information, in a form that is available to citizens, private transportation providers, and local elected officials, and includes a list of the projects. (f) If the Applicant has or will provide the information, the Applicant shall provide the information, in a form that is available to citizens, private transportation providers, and local elected officials, and includes a list of the projects.

24. DEPOSITS OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO STATE INFRASTRUCTURE BANKS

The State organization that administers the State Infrastructure Bank (SIB) Program on behalf of a State (State SIB) Program administrates an Applicant for Federal assistance authorized under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 that it intends to deposit in its SIB, is required to provide the following assurances on behalf of itself, the SIB, and each subrecipient. Unless FTA determines otherwise in writing, the State itself is ultimately responsible for compliance with deposit and subrecipient requirements, and any liability to deposits and subrecipient requirements.

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).

To the extent that the Applicant will be using funds available under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for the project, in compliance with 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d)(1), each Federal fiscal year, the Applicant will spend at least one (1) percent of the funds authorized under 49 U.S.C. § 5307(d) for each public transportation security project (as defined in 23 U.S.C. chapter 6, 49 U.S.C. § 5323 and the third party procurement requirements of 48 U.S.C. § 5262).
Subject: GRANT MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

1. PURPOSE. This circular is a re-issuance of guidance for post-award grant administration and project management activities for all applicable Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grant programs. This revision incorporates provisions of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient, Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA–LU), and includes the most up-to-date available guidance for these programs.

These requirements are intended to assist grantees in administering FTA-funded projects and in meeting grant responsibilities and reporting requirements. Grantees have a responsibility to comply with regulatory requirements and to be aware of all pertinent material to assist in the management of federally-assisted grants.

2. CANCELLATION. This circular, when final, will cancel FTA Circular 5010.1C, “Grant Management Guidelines,” dated 10–1–98.

3. AUTHORITY.
   b. 49 CFR 1.51.

4. WAIVER. FTA reserves the right to waive any provision of this circular to the extent permitted by Federal law or regulation.

5. FEDERAL REGISTER NOTICE. (This will be inserted when the final circular is adopted).

6. AMENDMENTS TO THE CIRCULAR. FTA reserves the right to amend this circular in the future to update references to requirements contained in other revised or new guidance and regulations that undergo notice and comment procedures, without further notice and comment on this circular.

7. ACCESSIBLE FORMATS. This document is available in accessible formats upon request. Paper copies of this circular, as well as information regarding these accessible formats, may be obtained by phoning FTA’s Administrative Services Help Desk, at 202–366–4865. The Federal Relay Service (FRS) is a Government system to support individuals with
hearing impairment. An operator trained to use the TTY System is available to assist those individuals who are hearing impaired. The FRS Toll Free Access Number is 800–877–8339.

/S/ Original Signed by
James S. Simpson
Administrator

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

1. THE FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION (FTA). FTA is one of ten operating administrations within the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). Headed by an Administrator who is appointed by the President of the United States, FTA functions through a Washington, DC, headquarters office, ten regional offices, and five metropolitan offices that assist transit agencies in all 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa.

Public transportation includes buses, subways, light rail, commuter rail, monorail, passenger ferry boats, trolleys, inclined railways, people movers, and vans. Public transportation can be either fixed-route or demand-response service.

The Federal government, through FTA, provides financial assistance to develop new transit systems and improve, maintain, and operate existing systems. FTA oversees thousands of grants to hundreds of State and local transit providers, primarily through its regional and metropolitan offices. These grantees are responsible for managing their programs in accordance with Federal requirements, and FTA is responsible for ensuring that grantees follow Federal statutory and administrative requirements.

2. AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION. Most Federal transit laws are codified at 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53. Authorizing legislation is substantive legislation enacted by Congress that establishes or continues the legal operation of a Federal program or agency. Congress has amended FTA’s authorizing legislation every four to six years. FTA’s most recent authorizing legislation is the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA–LU), Public Law 109–59, signed into law August 10, 2005. SAFETEA–LU authorizes FTA programs from Federal Fiscal Year (FY) 2006 through FY 2009. Changes have been added to this circular to reflect the SAFETEA–LU changes to Federal transit law and to reflect changes required by other laws that have become effective since the circular was last published in 1998.

3. HOW TO CONTACT FTA. FTA’s regional and metropolitan offices are responsible for the provision of financial assistance to FTA grantees and oversight of grant implementation for most FTA programs. Certain specific programs are the responsibility of FTA headquarters. Inquiries should be directed to either the regional or metropolitan office responsible for the geographic area in which you are located. See Appendix E for additional information.

Visit FTA’s website, http://www.fta.dot.gov, or contact FTA Headquarters at the
following address and phone number:

Federal Transit Administration
Office of Communication and Congressional Affairs
1200 New Jersey Avenue SE
Room E56–205
Washington, DC  20590
Phone:  202–366–4043
Fax:  202–366–3472

4. **GRANTS.GOV.** FTA posts all competitive grant opportunities on Grants.gov. Grants.gov is the one website for information on all discretionary Federal grant opportunities. Led by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and in partnership with Federal grant-makers including 26 agencies, 11 commissions, and several States, Grants.gov is one of 24 Federal cross-agency E-government initiatives. It is designed to improve access to government services via the Internet. More information about Grants.gov is available at [http://www.grants.gov](http://www.grants.gov).

5. **DEFINITIONS.** All definitions in 49 U.S.C. 5302(a) apply to this circular, as well as the following definitions:

   a. **Accrual Basis of Accounting:** The accounting method where income is recognized when earned instead of when received, and expenses are recognized when incurred instead of when paid.

   b. **Administrative Amendment:** A minor change in a Grant Agreement normally initiated by FTA to modify or clarify certain terms, conditions or provisions of a grant.

   c. **Air Rights:** The space located above, at, or below (subterranean) the surface of the ground, lying within a project’s property limits.

   d. **Brownfields:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) defines “Brownfields” (one type of contaminated property), as abandoned, idled, or under-used industrial and commercial land, often found in urban areas, where redevelopment is complicated by real or perceived hazardous contamination. These properties have lower levels of contamination than Superfund sites, but they are a health risk and economic detriment to the communities where they are located.

   e. **Budget Revision:** Any change within the scope of the original grant. A budget revision may be a transfer of funds within a project scope or between existing activity line items (ALIs) within an approved grant. It could also include the addition or deletion of an ALI.

   f. **Capital Asset:** Facilities or equipment with a useful life of at least one year, which are eligible for capital assistance.
g. **Capital Lease:** Any transaction whereby the grantee acquires the right to use a capital asset without obtaining ownership.

h. **Concurrent Non-Project Activities:** Also known as betterments, con-current no-project activities are improvements to the transit project desired by the grant recipient that are not part of the base functioning of the Federal transit project.

i. **Contingency Fleet:** Inactive rolling stock reserved/retained for emergencies.

j. **Cost of Project Property:** The purchase price of project property. This is the net invoice unit price, including the cost of modifications, attachments, accessories, or auxiliary apparatus necessary to make the equipment usable for the intended purpose. Other charges, such as the cost of inspection, installation, transportation, taxes, duty or protective in-transit insurance, should be treated in accordance with the grantee’s regular accounting practices, as separate line items. The cost of items separately installed and removable from rolling stock, such as fareboxes and radios, is treated as a separate acquisition and not as part of the cost of the vehicle.

k. **Depreciation:** Is the term most often used to indicate that personal property have declined in service potential. In the accounting world, depreciation is not so much a matter of valuation as it is a means of cost allocation.

l. **Discretionary Funding:** Grant funds distributed at the discretion of the agency as distinct from formula funding.

m. **Equipment:** An article of nonexpendable, tangible personal property having a useful life of more than one year and an acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the governmental unit for financial statement purposes, or $5,000. Includes rolling stock and all other such property used in the provision of public transit service.

n. **Equipment Inventory:** A physical inventory of project (non-real) property taken and results reconciled with the personal property records.

o. **Excess Property:** Property which the grantee determines is no longer required for its needs or fulfillment of its responsibilities and has not met its useful life under an FTA assisted grant.

p. **Excess Real Property Inventory and Utilization Plan:** The document which lists each real estate parcel acquired with participation of Federal funds that is no longer needed for approved FTA project purposes and which states how the grantee plans to use or dispose of the excess real property.

q. **Fleet Status Report:** A report that identifies rolling stock to be replaced, retired, or disposed of and identifies both their mileage and age at the time of removal from service, and it discusses the proposed anticipated spare ratio. This differs from a Bus or Rail Fleet Management Plan which includes an inventory of all buses among other
items, such as operating policies, peak vehicle requirements, maintenance and overhaul programs, system and service expansions, rolling stock procurements and related schedules, and spare ratio justification.

r. **Force Account:** The use of a grantee’s own labor force to execute a capital grant project.

s. **Formula Funding:** Grant funding allocated using factors that are specified in the law, or in administrative formula developed by FTA.

t. **Grant:** An award of financial assistance, including Cooperative Agreements, in the form of money, or property in lieu of money, by the Federal Government to an eligible grantee. Used interchangeably with Grant Agreement.

u. **Grantee:** An entity to which a grant is awarded directly by FTA to support a specific project in which FTA does not take an active role or retain substantial control, as set forth in 31 U.S.C. Section 6304. In this circular FTA uses the term grantee interchangeably with grant recipient and recipient.

v. **Grant Scope:** The broad purpose or objectives of a grant. The scope of a grant may encompass one or more specific projects.

w. **Incidental Use of Project Property and Equipment:** The authorized use of real property and equipment acquired with FTA funds for purposes other than provision of transit service. Such use must be compatible with the approved purposes of the project and not interfere with intended public transportation uses of project assets.

x. **Large Urbanized Area:** Any urbanized area with a population of at least 200,000.

y. **Market Value:** The most probable price which equipment or project property should bring in a competitive and open market.

z. **Master Agreement:** The FTA official document containing substantially all FTA and other cross-cutting Federal requirements applicable to the FTA recipient and its project. The Master Agreement is generally revised annually. The Master Agreement is incorporated by reference and made part of each FTA grant, Cooperative Agreement, and amendment thereto.

aa. **NEPA:** National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), signed into law by President Nixon January 1, 1970, 42 USC Section 4321-4370d declared a national policy to safeguard the environment and created the Council on Environmental Quality in the Executive Office of the President. To implement the national environmental policy, NEPA requires that environmental factors be considered when Federal agencies make decisions and that a detailed statement of environmental impacts be prepared for all major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment.

bb. **Net Present Value:** The discounted monetized value of expected net benefits (i.e. benefits minus costs). It is calculated by assigning monetary values to benefits and
costs, discounting future benefits and costs using an appropriate discount rate to obtain a present value, and subtracting the sum total of discounted costs from the sum total of discounted benefits.

c. **Net Proceeds from the Sale of Project Equipment and Real Property**: The amount realized from the sale of property no longer needed for transit purposes less the expense of any actual and reasonable selling and fixing-up expenses.

d. **Overhaul**: Systematic Replacement or upgrade of systems whose useful life are less than the useful life of entire vehicle in a programmed manner.

e. **Preventive Maintenance**: Is defined as all maintenance costs related to vehicles and non-vehicles. For general guidance regarding eligible maintenance costs, the grantee should refer to the definition of “maintenance” in the most recent National Transit Database (NTD) reporting manual.

f. **Program Income**: Gross income received by the grantee or subgrantee directly generated by a grant supported activity, or earned only as a result of the Grant Agreement during the grant period (the time between the effective date of the grant and the ending date of the grant reflected in the final financial report).

g. **Program of Projects**: A list of projects to be funded in a grant application submitted to FTA by a designated recipient. The program of projects (POP) lists the subrecipients and indicates whether they are private non-profit agencies, governmental authorities, or private providers of transportation service, designates the areas served (including rural areas), and identifies any tribal entities. In addition, the POP includes a brief description of the projects, total project cost, and Federal share for each project.

h. **Projects**: For the purposes of the FTA program, public transportation improvement activities funded under an executed grant.

i. **Project Activity Line Item (ALI)**: The description and dollar amount contained in the budget for an approved grant activity associated within a particular scope approved as part of a grant. ALIs under each scope are informational and are used as tools for FTA and the grantee to manage the grant. Quantities of rolling stock and other project property, where applicable, must be recorded at the project ALI level. Revisions to ALI amounts are allowable as budget revisions.

j. **Project Property**: Includes equipment, real property, supplies, and rolling stock.

k. **Project Scope**: The broad purpose of a specific project within a grant. There may be multiple scopes identifying each of the different projects within a grant and each scope may contain a number of activities which represent the estimate of actions needed to complete the project. FTA reserves the right to consider other information in determining the “scope of the project” when that term is used for legal purposes. See the Master Agreement.
ll. Public Transportation: Transportation by a conveyance that provides regular and continuing general or special transportation to the public, but does not include school bus, charter, or intercity bus transportation or intercity passenger rail transportation provided by AMTRAK. The terms “transit,” “mass transportation,” and “public transportation” are used interchangeably in transit law.

mm. Real Property: Land, including affixed land improvements, structures, and appurtenances. It does not include movable machinery and equipment.

nn. Realty/Personalty Report: A realty/personalty report is a listing of items of real estate to be appraised and items of personalty to be moved. Real estate is the land and anything permanently affixed to the land, such as buildings, fences, and those things attached to the buildings, which if removed, deface the structure or integrality of the building, such as plumbing, heating fixtures, etc. Personal property, on the other hand, is the right or interest in things of a temporary or moveable nature. State law varies on the definition of real property and personal property; therefore, the grantee should rely on their State law’s definition of real property and personal property.

oo. Rebuild: A recondition at the end of useful life to create additional useful life.

pp. Recipient: An entity that receives funds from FTA, whether as a direct recipient or an indirect recipient. For purpose of this circular, FTA uses the term recipient interchangeably with the terms grant recipient and grantee.

qq. Remaining Federal Interest for Dispositions Before the End of Useful Life: Is the amount calculated by multiplying the current fair market value or proceeds from sale by FTA’s share of the equipment. Fair market value is the greater of the unamortized value of the remaining service life based on straight line depreciation of the original purchase price or the Federal share of the sales proceeds.

rr. Remaining Federal Interest for Real Property: Federal interest is the greater of the fair market value of the property, or the straight line depreciated value of improvements plus land value.

ss. Sales Proceeds: Sales Proceeds are the net proceeds generated by the disposition of excess real property or equipment that was purchased in whole or in part with FTA grant funds.

tt. Subrecipient: A State or local government authority, nonprofit organization, or operator of public transportation services that receives a grant indirectly through a recipient.

uu. Useful Life: The expected lifetime of project property, or the acceptable period of use in service. Useful life of revenue rolling stock begins on the date the vehicle is placed in revenue service and continues until it is removed from service. See Chapter IV of this circular; and the most recent versions of Circular 9030.1 and Circular 9300.1 Capital Program. Used interchangeably with “service life.”
vv. **Shared Use:** Those instances in which a project partner, separate from the transit agency or grantee, occupies part of a larger facility and pays for its prorate share of the construction, maintenance, and operation costs.

ww. **Straight Line Depreciation:** Method that is considered as a function of time instead of a function of usage. This method is widely used in practice because of its simplicity. It basically assumes that the asset’s economic usefulness is the same each.

xx. **Supplies:** All tangible project property other than equipment with a unit value of less than $5,000.

yy. **TEAM-Web:** Web-based application use for administering and managing FTA grants most commonly referred to as “TEAM.” TEAM stands for Transportation Electronic Award and Management (TEAM) system.

zz. **Transit Enhancements:** Projects or project elements that are designed to enhance public transportation service or use and are physically and functionally related to transit facilities. Eligible enhancements include historic preservation, rehabilitation, and operation of historic public transportation buildings, structures, and facilities; bus shelters; landscaping and other scenic beautification; public art, pedestrian access and walkways; bicycle access; transit connections to parks within the grantee’s transit service area; signage; and enhanced access for persons with disabilities to public transportation.

aaa. **Uneconomical Remnant:** A parcel of real property in which the owner is left with an interest after the partial acquisition of the owner’s property, and which the acquiring agency has determined has little or no value or utility to the owner.

bbb. **Unliquidated Obligations:** Funding commitments that have been incurred, but for which outlays have not yet been recorded because goods and services have not been received. Unliquidated obligations should be accounted for on Line D of the Financial Status Report (FSR).

ccc. **Value Engineering:** An analysis of the functions of a project, performed by qualified agency or contractor personnel, directed at improving performance, reliability, quality, safety, and life cycle costs.
CHAPTER III

GRANT ADMINISTRATION

1. OVERVIEW. This chapter discusses the mechanics and requirements for post-award grant administration. Project management requirements are described in Chapter IV. The following sections emphasize the requirements associated with administering and managing a grant after the grant has been awarded and executed in the Transportation Electronic Award and Management (TEAM) system.

2. GRANT APPLICATION PROCESS. The Federal Transit Administration’s (FTA’s) pre-award, program-specific circulars describe the grant application process and requirements. Refer to these circulars for instructions for completing a grant application. For a full listing of FTA program circulars, please visit www.fta.dot.gov.

FTA provides a streamlined electronic interface between grantees and FTA that allows complete electronic grant application submission, review, approval, and management of all grants. This is done through a Web-based electronic system, commonly known as “TEAM.” Among other things, grantees apply for grants, inquire about the status of grants, file the required financial status and milestone progress reports, and submit annual Certifications and Assurances in TEAM.

The TEAM Project Life Cycle is as follows:

a. Project application created,

b. Project number assigned,

c. Signoffs and Approvals,

d. Operating budget money is reserved,

e. Project awarded,

f. Project award executed,

g. Project managed, and

h. Project closed.

FTA notifies grantees of grant approval electronically in TEAM. The Grant Agreement includes the notification of award and the approved project budget. Special conditions of the approval may be included in the award, the current version of the Master Agreement, the electronic grant (screen), or the conditions for using pre-award authority if applicable.
In certain cases, pre-award authority may be available for incurring project-related costs prior to approval of an application.

Once a grantee receives the notification of grant award, the grantee executes the grant in TEAM. The electronic execution of the Grant Agreement signifies the grant is active and post-award grant requirements apply.

3. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. Once a grant is active, a grantee may be subject to one or more of the following types of post-award reporting requirements. The reporting requirements may vary depending on the size of the grantee, the type of funding, or the amount of funding a grantee receives. Please contact the regional or metropolitan office if there are questions regarding the applicability of the following reporting requirements.

a. Financial Status and Milestone/Progress Reports. FTA monitors grant activities to ensure proper grantee stewardship of Federal funds and compliance with the laws and regulations that govern its grant programs. FTA must also be able to report on program results, industry trends, and its own oversight responsibilities. The information FTA needs for program forecasting, management, and reporting is furnished through financial status reports and narrative Milestone/Progress Reports (MPRs) submitted by grantees about significant events, relevant grant activities, and any changes to or variances in the grant schedule or budget.

With respect to the level of detail required for these reports, FTA treats all approved activity line items (ALIs) alike. Thus, an activity contained in a grant must be presented in the reports in sufficient detail that important information is not lost in aggregation. For example, the number of full-sized buses in a grant must not be reported together with vans under the scope “rolling stock,” but instead should be reported separately under the applicable ALI. FTA staff is available to meet with grantees to agree on the appropriate level of reporting detail. This will ensure that FTA has the information needed to manage its overall program.

All grantees are expected to report significant developments or changes as they occur during the year, including any problems, delays, or adverse conditions that may materially impair the ability to meet the objective of the award, and any favorable developments that may enable meeting time schedules and objectives sooner or at a cost substantially less than expected Financial Status Reports.

Payment may be withheld for failure to submit either financial or milestone progress reports in a timely manner. In individual cases, FTA may grant extensions of report due dates for good cause.

Report due dates and additional information about the financial status and milestone progress reports are described below. Please contact your regional or metropolitan office for questions regarding any of these reports.

(1) Report Due Dates.
(a) **Grantees located in urbanized areas over 200,000 population.** Financial Status Reports (FSRs) and MPRs are due to FTA within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, i.e., by January 30, April 30, July 30, and October 30.

(b) **Grantees located in urbanized areas under 200,000 population.** Grantees in areas with less than 200,000 in population submit FSRs and MPRs annually. Annual reports are due October 30th, one month after the Federal fiscal year ends. The FTA regional or metropolitan office may request more frequent reporting or additional reports if circumstances warrant additional reporting.

(2) **Financial Status Report (FSR).** The FSR must be submitted for all active/executed grants. The requirement for an FSR applies to all FTA grants covered by this circular. The FSR accompanies the MPR (described below) and is used to monitor project funds. The purpose of the FSR is to provide a current, complete and accurate financial picture of the project. This report is submitted electronically in TEAM. Procedures for submitting the report are described in the TEAM User Guide and are available from the FTA regional and metropolitan offices. Please note that when applicable, grantees are required to report unliquidated obligations on the FSR (Line D). Unliquidated obligations are funding commitments that have been incurred, but for which outlays have not yet been recorded because goods and services have not been received. If there are awarded contracts for which deliverables have yet to occur, the dollar amount associated with the undelivered portion of those contracts should be represented as unliquidated obligations. In addition, grantees should provide narrative comments in the “Comments” screen of the FSR indicating for what expended funds have been used. For example, if the grantee expended $10,000 in a reporting period, a comment should be inserted to the effect, “FY07, QTR III: We requested funds in the amount of $6,000 for office equipment (ALI: 11.XX.XX) and $4,000 for associated capital maintenance items (ALI: 11.XX.XX).” Comments describing the financial expenditures should correspond to the activities completed during a reporting period.

The following elements are essential in financial reports by grantees:

(a) **All financial facts (e.g. expenditures and obligations) relating to the scope and purpose of each financial report and applicable reporting period should be completely and clearly displayed in the reports.**

(b) **Reported financial data should be accurate and up to date.** The requirement for accuracy does not rule out inclusion of reasonable estimates when precise measurement is impractical, uneconomical, unnecessary, or conducive to delay.

(c) **Financial reports should be based on the required supporting documentation maintained in the grantee’s official financial management system that produces information which objectively discloses financial aspects of events or transactions.**
(d) Financial data reported should be derived from accounts that are maintained on a consistent, periodic basis; material changes in accounting policies or methods and their effect must be clearly explained.

(e) Reporting terminology used in financial reports to FTA should be consistent with receipt and expense classifications included in the latest approved project.

(f) Financial reports must be submitted on the accrual basis of accounting.

(3) **Milestone/Progress Reports.** The MPR must be submitted for all active/executed grants. The requirement for a MPR applies to all FTA grants covered by this circular. The MPR is the primary written communication between the grantee and FTA. This report should be submitted electronically in TEAM. Procedures for submitting the report are described in the TEAM User Guide and are available from FTA regional and metropolitan offices. If only operating assistance is included in the grant, the reporting requirements are limited to the estimated and actual dates when all funding has been expended. Each MPR must include the following data as appropriate:

(a) Current status of each open activity line item within the approved grant.

(b) Detailed discussion of all budget or schedule changes.

(c) The dates of expected or actual requests for bid, delivery, etc.

(d) Actual completion dates for completed milestones.

(e) Revised estimated completion dates when original estimated completion dates are not met.

(f) Explanation of why scheduled milestones or completion dates were not met, identification of problem areas and narrative on how the problems will be solved. Discussion of the expected impacts and the efforts to recover from the delays.

(g) A narrative description of projects, status, specification preparation, bid solicitation, resolution of protests, and contract awards.

(h) Analysis of significant project cost variances. Completion and acceptance of equipment and construction or other work should be discussed, together with a breakout of the costs incurred and those costs required to complete the project. Use quantitative measures, such as hours worked, sections completed, or units delivered.

(i) A list of all outstanding claims exceeding $100,000, and all claims settled during the reporting period. This list should be accompanied by a brief description, estimated costs, and the reasons for the claims.
(j) A list of all potential and executed change orders and amounts exceeding $100,000, pending or settled, during the reporting period. This list should be accompanied by a brief description.

(k) A list of all real property acquisition actions, including just compensation, administrative settlements, and condemnation for each parcel during the reporting period.

Depending on project complexity, at its discretion, FTA may also request other special reports or quarterly project management meetings.

b. Transit Enhancement Reports. Transit Enhancement Reports must be submitted by grantees with population areas of 200,000 and above who receive funds under the Urbanized Area Formula Program (Section 5307). The term “transit enhancement” means projects that are designed to enhance public transportation service or use and are physically or functionally related to transit facilities. Recipients of these funds are required under Section 5307(d)(K)(ii) to submit a report listing the projects carried out during the previous fiscal year with those funds to include the amounts expended. This report is to be submitted as a narrative attachment to the electronic 4th quarter MPR in TEAM. Certification that this report has been submitted is required as part of the Annual List of Certifications and Assurances.

c. Civil Rights Reports. Grantees must submit, on a triennial basis, a report on their compliance with the objectives of the most recent version of Circular 4702.1, “Title VI and Title VI Dependent Guidelines for FTA Recipients.” This circular provides details on the contents of compliance reports. Grantees covered under FTA’s Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Circular must submit triennial reports on their compliance with this circular. Grantees covered under FTA’s Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) regulations must submit annual DBE goals to FTA by August 1 of each year. Reports and goals are submitted to the Regional Civil Rights Officer. See paragraph (1) and (2) below for applicability of these two reporting requirements. Grantees must also submit semi-annual DBE progress reports to the Regional Office.

(1) Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO). FTA’s EEO program reporting requirements apply to transit agencies employing 50 or more people and receiving $1 million or more of FTA assistance.

(2) Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE). FTA’s DBE goal setting requirements apply to grantees who will award prime contracts (excluding vehicle purchases) exceeding $250,000 in FTA funds in any given fiscal year. These grantees are required to provide DBE goals to FTA on an annual basis.

d. Reports of Significant Events. Unforeseen events that impact the schedule, cost, capacity, usefulness, or purpose of the project should be reported to FTA immediately after detection and then reflected in the next quarterly progress report. Special reports should be submitted when:
(1) Problems, delays, or adverse conditions will affect the grantee’s ability to achieve project objectives within the scheduled time period or within the approved project budget. The report should discuss actions taken and/or contemplated and any Federal assistance needed to resolve the situation; or

(2) Favorable developments will enable the grantee to achieve project goals/complete project activities ahead of schedule or at lower cost.

e. National Transit Database (NTD) Reporting. The NTD is FTA’s primary national database for statistics on the transit industry. The NTD is the system through which FTA collects uniform data needed by the Secretary of Transportation to administer department programs. The data consist of selected financial and operating data that describe public transportation characteristics. Recipients of FTA Urbanized Area Formula Program (Section 5307) and Nonurbanized Area Formula Program (Section 5311) are required by statute to submit data to the NTD.

The legislative requirement for the NTD is found in 49 U.S.C. 5335(a). The most recent versions of FTA Circulars 2710.1 and 2710.2 contain a description of the system for collecting, recording, and reporting passenger mile data in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts (USOA).

(1) Annual Reports. Recipients of FTA Urbanized Area Formula Program (Section 5307) and Nonurbanized Area Formula Program (Section 5311) are required by statute to submit data to the NTD annually.


(b) Safety and Security Report. Grantees that are required to submit annual NTD reports must also file safety and security reports. The NTD safety and security report consists of a series of forms that summarize transit-related safety and security incidents for the calendar year. Annual NTD reports are submitted to Congress summarizing transit service and safety data.

(c) Due Dates. NTD report submission deadlines are set by the end of the grantee’s fiscal year. The due dates are October 28 for fiscal years ending between January 1 and June 30; January 28 for fiscal years ending between July 1 and September 30; and April 30 for fiscal years ending between October 1 and December 31.

(d) Exceptions. A grantee that operates no more than nine vehicles in peak service at any time during the year may request a waiver from filing a complete NTD report. This waiver does not apply to fixed guideway service. The grantee
must base its waiver request on all fleets and annual maximum service levels. The nine or fewer vehicle waivers and the reporting waivers must be requested and approved by FTA for every reporting year. FTA does not grant permanent waivers from reporting.

In very unusual circumstances, the grantee may request and FTA may grant a waiver from either some or all of the NTD reporting requirements.

(2) **Monthly Ridership Reports.** Grantees that receive or benefit from Urbanized Area Formula Program funds must submit or coordinate the submittal of the Monthly Ridership report in addition to the annual NTD report.

The Monthly Ridership report consists of a series of forms that collect monthly ridership data providing FTA with monthly trends in ridership throughout the year. It must contain all the public transportation service, including complementary paratransit services required by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), which the transit agency provides or purchases. Instructions for submitting the monthly ridership data can also be found online on the NTD website.

f. **Annual Single Audit.** Non-Federal entities that expend $500,000 or more in Federal awards in a year are required to conduct an annual organization-wide audit in accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A–133.

(1) **Requirement.** The audit must be completed within nine months of the end of the grantee’s fiscal year. In addition to the copies required to be submitted to the Federal Clearinghouse and depending upon the results of the audit, grantees are required to take one of the following reporting actions:

   (a) If the single audit contains FTA program findings, a copy of the entire audit report must be submitted to the regional or metropolitan office. If the audit report contains findings related to another Department of Transportation (DOT) program and FTA is the grantee’s point-of-contact for DBE program issues, then the grantee must also submit the entire audit report to the regional or metropolitan office.

   (b) If the annual audit report contains no FTA program findings or other DOT program findings, a copy of ONLY the Federal Clearinghouse transmittal sheet (SF–SAC) must be submitted to the FTA regional or metropolitan office.

Annual Single Audits are described in more detail in the Chapter VI, “Financial Management.”

4. **GRANT MODIFICATIONS.** At times, it may be necessary to modify a grant after it has been awarded by revising the budget or amending the grant. The grantee is responsible for controlling and monitoring all grant activities to ensure that they are carried out in
accordance with the approved budget. Each grant program has specific requirements that are included in each program grant application circular that should be referenced before contemplating a grant modification. The manner in which a budget is initially structured during the grant application phase can facilitate or impede project management, particularly when unforeseen events require changes in the project.

There are three ways to modify a grant after it has been awarded—either through a budget revision, an administrative amendment, or a grant amendment. Whether a budget revision may be permitted (with or without prior FTA approval before incurring costs) or whether an amendment to the project will be necessary, depends on the effect of the proposed change on the scope of the project. FTA’s review of grant modifications will include a determination of whether or not the proposed change is significant enough to require Department of Labor (DOL) certification of Employee Protective Arrangements. Grantees should contact the FTA regional or metropolitan office for questions relating to grant modification requests, including which type of grant modification is appropriate for the proposed action.

Grant modifications are electronically submitted, reviewed, and approved in TEAM.

a. **Budget Revision.**

   1. **General.** Budget revisions may be made as long as there is no change in the grantee, purpose, scope codes, and Federal funding of the grant, regardless of the fiscal year the funds were appropriated. Budget revisions must be consistent with the activities contained in an approved Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) and satisfy applicable National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requirements. Useful life of new activities must be addressed in the budget revision, as applicable.

   2. **Procedures.** Grantees submit budget revisions in TEAM using the “Revise Project Budget” screen. Budget revision requests must include a reason for the revision. For each ALI being adjusted, either by quantity or dollar amount, grantees must include a brief explanation in the “Details” section for the change being requested. Incomplete budget revisions will be returned to the grantee by the FTA reviewer for inclusion of additional information. For assistance with completing budget revisions, please contact the FTA regional and metropolitan office.

   Grantees may request budget revisions either before or after incurring costs, depending on the nature of the request. If the budget revision meets the criteria outlined below in paragraph 3, FTA concurrence is required before incurring costs associated with the proposed change.

   3. **Budget Revisions that Require Prior Approval.** Under certain circumstances, grantees must obtain FTA approval before incurring costs for proposed budget revisions. At times, FTA review of a proposed budget revision meeting the following criteria may result in a recommendation to complete a grant amendment.
The FTA regional or metropolitan office will make this determination during their review.

(a) The Federal share of the grant exceeds $100,000 and the change in the cumulative amount of funds allocated to each scope from the originally approved scope exceeds 20 percent.

(b) Federal funds are transferred between ALIs with different Federal matching ratios, such as moving funds from a capital activity with a match ratio of 80/20 to an operating activity with a match ratio of 50/50. This activity also requires a financial purpose code (FPC) transfer. See paragraph (4) below.

(c) Changing the Federal share of an existing ALI; such as changing an ALI from 80/20 to 83/17 to account for compliance with ADA or Clean Air Act (CAA) requirements.

(d) For revenue rolling stock, when the budget revision changes the number of vehicles to be purchased by more than two units (for grants with fewer than 10 vehicles) or more than 20 percent from the quantity identified in the original grant.

If the change in the number of revenue rolling stock vehicles exceeds 20 percent, the revision must meet FTA’s spare ratio requirements and should be supported by a bus fleet status report.

(e) The budget revision changes the size or physical characteristics of the ALIs without changing the project scope.

(f) The addition of an ALI to an existing scope included in the grant, provided that the request does not change the amount of Federal funds awarded in the original grant or change the scope of the project contained in the grant. The addition of an activity within an approved scope requires that the grantee affirm in the budget revision request that the new activity is consistent with the approved STIP and, if applicable, has satisfied NEPA requirements.

Note: If the addition of an ALI to an existing scope is added to move a facility project to the next phase of construction, the budget revision may be sent to DOL for informational purposes. In addition, FTA must confirm eligibility of the project to advance to the next phase of construction.

(4) Financial Purpose Code Transfers. When a budget revision includes a transfer of funds between capital/operating/planning activities, an FPC change is required to be made by the FTA Project Manager before the grantee is able to draw funds for this purpose. Budget revisions with FPC transfers of any kind require prior FTA concurrence and Regional Office notification to FTA’s Office of Accounting.
(5) **Examples.** The following are examples of situations when a grantee might request a budget revision. Please note that if the examples below meet any of the criteria outlined above in paragraph (3), the grantee must request FTA concurrence before incurring the costs for the requested activities.

(a) **Budget revisions to existing ALIs.** Grant AB–90–1234 includes a scope for vehicles (111–00) with the ALI to purchase 40’ buses (11.12.01) and a scope for stations stops/terminals (113–00) with the ALI for construction of a bus terminal (11.33.01). The construction costs for the station are expected to be higher than originally anticipated and there is a surplus in the vehicle line item because the vehicle costs were less than anticipated. A grantee may request to move funds from ALI 11.12.01 to 11.33.01 to cover additional construction expenses. Following the process described in paragraph (2) and after determining if the request meets the threshold for prior FTA approval, the grantee may request to move the excess funds from 11.12.01 to 11.33.01.

(b) **Budget revisions that require an FPC transfer.** Grant AB–90–1234 has an approved budget for $250,000 in operating assistance (30.09.00) and $50,000 for the purchase of vans (11.12.15). The grantee has $5,000 remaining under operating assistance and would like to add the operating funds to the purchase of vans, a capital line item. This can be accomplished through a budget revision. The local share for the change would reflect the reduction from a 50 percent local match for the $5,000 to $2,500. The local match for the capital item would be 20 percent of $5,000 or $1,000. The result of the budget revision is an FPC transfer in TEAM completed by the FTA Project Manager going from ($5,000) under FPC code 04 to + $5,000 under FPC code 02. The local share was reduced by $1,500 as a result of this budget revision. FPC transfers of any kind require prior FTA concurrence and Regional Office notification to FTA’s Office of Accounting.

(c) **Adding an ALI to an existing scope.** The scope for Stations Stops/Terminals exists in the grant and funds are allocated to acquire route signing (11.32.09). However, the grantee determines that the agency prefers to use the funds to construct passenger shelters (11.33.10), which is an activity within the scope 113–00. The grantee may request a budget revision to add the ALI—11.33.10 and shift the funds from 11.32.09 with prior FTA concurrence. In addition, the grantee must confirm that the approved STIP includes construction of bus shelters and applicable NEPA requirements have been satisfied.

(6) **Operating Assistance Changes.** A grantee may use a budget revision to reflect time period changes, adjustments or extensions to the operating period provided the total amount of Federal funds previously awarded under the grant remains unchanged.

b. **Administrative Amendment.**
(1) **General.** An administrative amendment is usually initiated by FTA and may only be used when no change will result in the scope, amount or purpose of the grant. An administrative amendment may be used to change or clarify the terms, conditions, or provisions of a Grant Agreement. An administrative amendment is also used to change the year or type of funds obligated for a grant, to transfer equipment from one grantee to another, to reflect a change in the grantee or grantee’s name, or to deobligate Federal funds that are no longer needed to complete the approved project scope or purpose.

c. **Grant Amendment.**

(1) **General.** A grant amendment is required when there is either a change in the scope or an addition of Federal funds to an existing grant. Grant amendments are subject to the same application requirements as a new grant request.

(2) **Procedures.** Grantees submit grant amendments in TEAM using the “Create Amendment” screen. Grant amendments require a revised Grant Agreement, revised budget, and may require a change in the amount of funds obligated for the grant. An amendment is subject to the same requirements as a new grant request except that the grantee need not resubmit portions of the original grant application that are unaffected by the change. The grantee must submit a detailed description of the changes and a revised project budget. For example, in TEAM under the project Details section of the grant, grantees should include a header, “Amendment #1,” and describe the reason for the amendment and the changes to the grant and budget.

(3) **Change of Scope.** FTA requires a grant amendment if the request changes the scope of a grant. Examples and an exception to changes in scope that result in a grant amendment include:

(a) **Examples.**

1. A change in the quantity of items to be purchased or constructed that materially change the purpose or intent of the approved grant.

2. The addition of a new project scope code or the deletion a project scope code if the deletion affects the intent or objectives of the grant.

3. The addition of an ALI that results in an amendment to the approved Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)/STIP.

(b) **Exception.**

1. For earmarks, all changes to the grant after award must be consistent with the original intent of the Congressional language. Your FTA Regional Office will assist you in making this determination. For example, if the
earmark is for a facility, a grant amendment cannot be executed to add a scope for vehicles.

(4) Change in Federal Funds. FTA requires a grant amendment if the request changes the total amount of Federal funds in the grant. The one exception is if the scope of a grant is unchanged and the only action is the deobligation of funds, an administrative amendment is used to process the grant modification. See paragraph b, “Administrative Amendment,” above.

5. GRANT CLOSE-OUT. Grant close-out is the term used to signify the process by which FTA determines that all activities in a grant are complete and Federal funds have been expended.

a. Grantee’s Role and Responsibilities. The grantee must initiate close-out of a grant when all approved activities are completed and applicable Federal funds expended. All close-out documentation must be submitted within 90 days of the completion of all activities in the grant. This requires notifying FTA by letter or e-mail that the grant is ready for close-out. The grantee should electronically submit the following in TEAM as part of the grant close-out process:

   (1) a final budget reflecting actual project costs by scope and activity;

   (2) a final FSR;

   (3) a final narrative MPR indicating the actual completion date of each ALI, a discussion of each ALI contained in the final budget and list of project property purchased under the grant;

   (4) a request to deobligate any unexpended balance of Federal funds; and

   (5) Any other reports required as part of the terms and conditions of the grant.

b. Close-Out by FTA. FTA may unilaterally initiate grant close-out. Circumstances that could cause FTA to close-out a grant in whole or in part at any time before project completion include:

   (1) Grantee failure to comply with the terms or conditions of the Grant Agreement or other Federal requirement;

   (2) Continuation of the project would not produce results commensurate with further expenditure of funds;

   (3) Funds are no longer needed to accomplish the grant purpose;

   (4) Failure by the grantee to make reasonable progress to complete approved grant activities; or
(5) Determination that the project has been essentially completed and/or approved funds have been substantially drawn down.

c. Adjustments to Federal Share of Costs. Necessary adjustments to the Federal share of cost are made after FTA receives and reviews the required close-out information. Adjustments may also be necessary after the audit required by OMB Circular A–133 is performed. FTA funds are not available for audit or other grant activities after a grant has been closed. Additional information on the A–133 audit is contained in Chapter VI, Financial Management. Any Federal grant funds received by the grantee but not expended must be returned to FTA. For more information on returning funds to FTA, see Chapter VI, Financial Management.

6. SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION.

a. Suspension. The suspension of a grant is an action by FTA which temporarily suspends Federal assistance for a project pending corrective action by the grantee or pending a decision to terminate the grant by FTA. If FTA determines that the grantee has failed to comply with the terms and conditions of the Grant Agreement, including the civil rights requirements, FTA notifies the grantee in writing of its intent to suspend the grant. FTA may withhold further payments and/or prohibit the grantee from incurring additional obligations pending corrective action by the grantee or a decision to terminate the project for cause. This includes work being performed by third party contractors or consultants. Unless FTA notifies the grantee otherwise, suspension will not invalidate obligations properly incurred by the grantee prior to the date of suspension to the extent that they cannot be cancelled.

b. Termination for Cause. FTA may terminate a grant, in whole or in part, at any time before project completion, whenever it determines that the grantee failed to comply with the conditions of the grant including failure to make reasonable progress. FTA will promptly notify the grantee in writing of its intent to terminate and the reasons therefore and the effective date. Payments made to the grantee or recoveries by FTA are in accordance with the terms of the Grant Agreement and the legal rights and liabilities of both parties as defined in the agreement.

c. Termination for Convenience. FTA or the grantee may terminate a grant in whole or part, when both parties agree that continuation of the project would not produce results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds. By signing the Grant Agreement, the grantee agrees at the outset to a termination for convenience in the event FTA makes such a finding. Both parties must agree upon the termination conditions, including the effective date and, in case of partial termination, the portions to be terminated. The grantee may not incur new obligations for the terminated portion after the effective date and must cancel as many outstanding obligations as possible. FTA evaluates each obligation to determine its eligibility for inclusion in project costs. Settlement is made in accordance with terms and conditions of the Grant Agreement. FTA allows full credit to the recipient for the Federal share of the obligations (that cannot be cancelled) properly incurred by the grantee prior to termination.
d. **Partial Termination.** In some cases, FTA may deobligate funds in an approved grant before close-out because the funds are no longer needed to accomplish the grant purpose.

7. **RETENTION AND ACCESS REQUIREMENTS FOR RECORDS.**

a. **Applicability.** This section applies to all financial and programmatic records, supporting documents, statistical records, and other records of grantees which are:

   (1) Records required to be maintained by this circular or the terms of the Grant Agreement, or otherwise considered pertinent to FTA program requirements or the Master Agreement.

   (2) Records executed electronically may be retained in that manner, but files must be accessible for possible review, audit, or download to paper copy when required.

   (3) This section does not apply to records maintained by contractors or subcontractors.

b. **Length of Retention Period.**

   (1) Except as otherwise specified, records must be retained for three years from the starting date specified in paragraph (c), below.

   (2) If any litigation, claim, negotiation, audit, or other action involving the records has been started before the expiration of the three-year period, the records must be retained for three years after completion of the action and resolution of all issues which arise from it.

   (3) To avoid duplicate record keeping, FTA may make special arrangements with grantees (including subgrantees, as appropriate) to retain any records which are continually needed for joint use. FTA will request transfer of records to its custody when it determines that the records possess long-term retention value. When the records are transferred to or maintained by FTA, the three-year retention requirement is not applicable to the grantee.

c. **Starting Date of Retention Period.**

   (1) General. The starting date for retention of records related to multi-year projects is the date of submission of the final FSR upon project completion or, if waived, the date it would have been due.

   (2) Equipment records. The retention period for the equipment records starts from the date of the equipment’s disposition or replacement or transfer at FTA’s direction. Records for income transactions after grant close-out. In some cases, grantees must report income after a grant is closed out. Where there is such a requirement, the
retention period for the records pertaining to the earning of the income starts from the end of the grantee’s fiscal year in which the income is earned.

(3) Indirect cost rate proposals, cost allocation plans and similar rate, and rate allocation methods. This paragraph applies to the following types of documents, and their supporting records: indirect cost rate computations or proposals, cost allocation plans, and any similar accounting computations or the rate at which a particular group of costs is chargeable (such as computer usage charge back rates or composite fringe benefit rates).

(a) If submitted for negotiation: If the proposal, plan, or other computation is required to be submitted to the Federal Government (or to the grantee) to form the basis for negotiation of the rate, then the three year retention period for its supporting records starts from the date of such submission.

(b) If not submitted for negotiation: If the proposal, plan, or other computation is not required to be submitted to the Federal Government (or to the grantee) for negotiation purposes, then the three year retention period for the proposal, plan, or computation and its supporting records starts from the end of the fiscal year (or other accounting period) covered by the proposal, plan, or other computation.

(4) Contract Records. The retention period for all required contract records commences after the grantees or subgrantees make final payments and all other pending matters are closed. [Reference 49 CFR Part 18.36(i)(11)].

d. Substitution of Photocopies. Copies of documents may be substituted for the originals.

e. Access to Records.

(1) Records of grantees and subgrantees. FTA, DOT Office of Inspector General, and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their authorized representatives, have the right of access to any books, documents, papers, or other records of the grantee which are pertinent to the grant, in order to perform audits, or make examinations, excerpts, or transcripts.

(2) Expiration of right of access. The right of access in this section is not limited to the required retention period but continues as long as the records are retained.

f. Restrictions on Public Access. The Federal Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)(5 U.S.C. 552) does not apply to grantee records owned and possessed by the grantee. Unless required by State or local law, grantees and subgrantees are not required to provide periodic public access to their records. However, FTA may request a grantee to provide access to those records the grantee maintains on behalf of FTA, (i.e., records required by Federal statute or regulation, such as Davis-Bacon wage records), or other records necessary to determine compliance with federal requirements established as conditions of eligibility for recipients of federal funding.
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