# **Modern Roundabouts** A Safer Intersection Choice

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# **Discussion Questions**

- What is a roundabout?
- Why are roundabouts safer?
- Where are roundabouts appropriate?
- What is Georgia's policy?
- Where are Georgia's roundabouts?
- What is the public response to roundabouts?



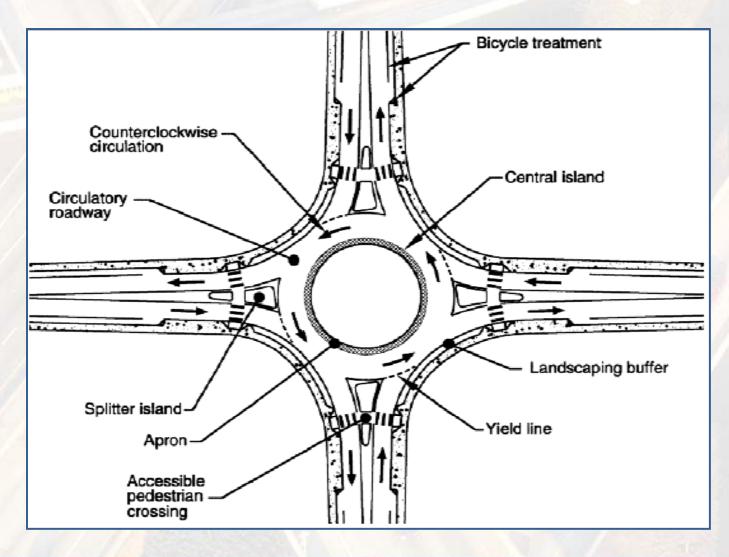
# What is a Roundabout?

- Circulatory roadway
- Around a central island
- All traffic flows counter-clockwise
- Viable intersection alternative when placed appropriately
- Can be significantly safer than traffic signals
- Operate more efficiently than 4 way stops
- Can operate more efficiently than traffic signals
- Not a traffic circle





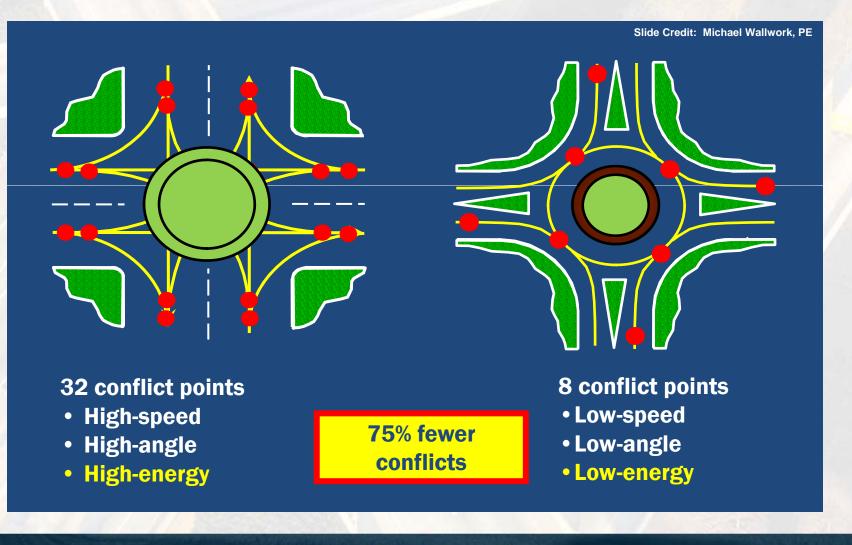
# **Geometric Elements**





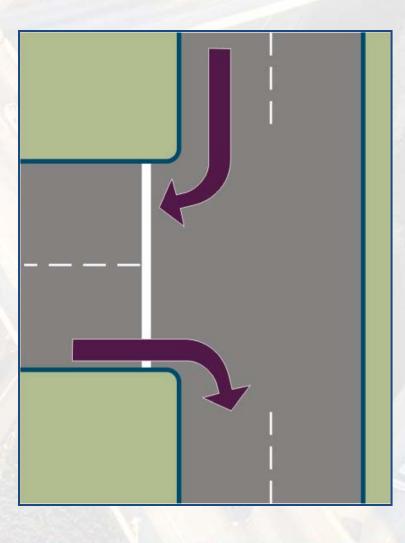
## Why are roundabouts safer? The laws of physics!

#### **Comparison of Vehicle Conflict Points**



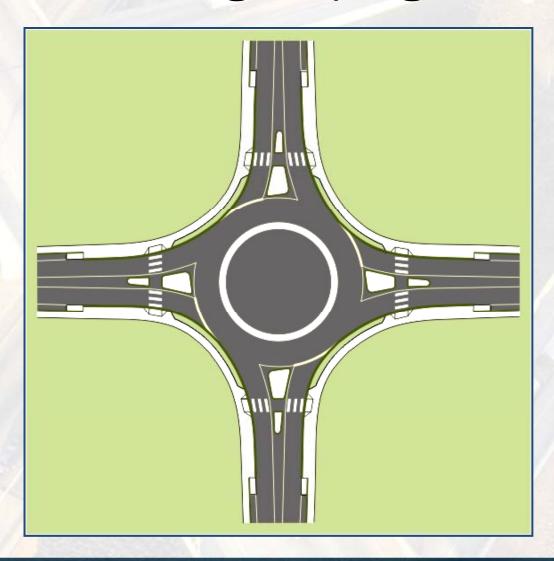


## A Common Geometric Control at an Intersection: "Right-in / Right-out"



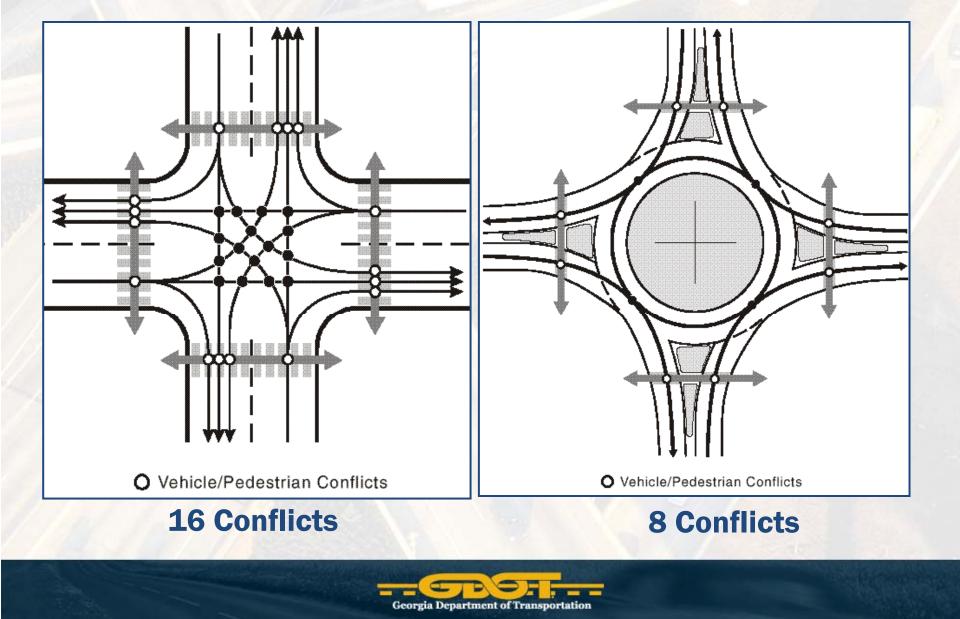


## Roundabouts Operate Very Similarly – All Movements are "Right In / Right Out"





### **Roundabouts also reduce the number of Vehicle - Pedestrian Conflicts**



# What do the "numbers" show?

The Insurance Institute for Highway Safety – U.S. Roundabout Safety Report

**Before-after studies at 24 intersections** 

- 39% overall decrease in crashes
- 76% decrease in injury crashes
- 89% decrease in fatal/incapacitating crashes
- 75% reduction in traffic delays!



## Key Message: Roundabouts are SAFER !!!

NCHRP Report 572 – Roundabouts in the US

**Before-after studies at 55 intersections** 

- 35% overall decrease in crashes
- 76% decrease in injury crashes
- 81% decrease in fatal/incapacitating crashes for single lane urban roundabouts
- 71% decrease in fatal/incapacitating crashes for single lane rural roundabouts



## Where are roundabouts appropriate?

#### **Roundabouts are being used nationally under a wide variety of conditions:**

- Freeway interchanges
- High speed rural
- High volume conditions
- High pedestrians
- High truck volumes
- Awkward geometry
- Near schools
- "Gateways" into lower speed facility
- Light rail corridors





#### FHWA Memo – Consideration and Implementation of Proven Safety Countermeasures; July 10, 2008

Memorandum 0 US.Department of Transportatio Federal Highway ACTION: Consideration and Implementation of Proven Date: July 10, 2008 Subject: Safety Countermeasures 2000 In Reply Refer To: HSSI From: Jeffrey A. Lindley Associate Administrator for Safety To: Division Administrators Federal Lands Highway Division Engineers Improving safety is a top priority of the US Department of Transportation, and FHWA remains strongly committed to reducing highway fatalities and serious injuries on our Nation's highways. We know that a comprehensive mix of strategies is requiredincluding stronger policies to support system-wide and sustainable improvements. We believe our area of greatest potential influence is how Federal funds are used and targeted to implement improvements that will have a positive impact on safety. In our stewardship and oversight role for federally funded highway programs, we have the opportunity to strongly encourage Federal, State, local agencies, and tribal governments to include safety in their investment decision-making process. While there is still much work to do on determining the precise effectiveness of some safety countermeasures, we are highly confident that certain processes, in frastructure design techniques, and highway features are effective and should be encouraged whenever Federal funds are used. Safety should be considered at every stage of the project development process. Every investment decision should consider the impact on safety and every federally funded project should include appropriate safety enhancement features This guidance memorandum highlights when and where we believe certain processes, design techniques, or safety countermeasures should be used. This document also includes countermeasure descriptions and background on the proven effectiveness and benefits; a statement on when the countermeasure or process should be applied; links to reference documents; and current FHWA technical contacts for each topic. This guidance was developed based on effectiveness data for various crash types compiled from a variety of sources. It reflects the types of circumstances and situations that we are confident will yield high pay-offs and be cost beneficial for all projects. MOVING THE -AMERICAN ECONOMY

#### **GUIDANCE STATEMENT:**

Roundabouts are the preferred safety alternative for a wide range of intersections. Although they may not be appropriate in all circumstances, THEY SHOULD BE CONSIDERED AS AN ALTERNATIVE FOR ALL PROPOSED NEW INTERSECTIONS ON FEDERALLY-FUNDED HIGHWAY

**PROJECTS**, particularly those with major road volumes less than 90 percent of the total entering volume. Roundabouts should also be considered for all existing intersections that have been identified as needing major safety or operational improvements. This would include freeway interchange ramp terminals and rural intersections.



# **Georgia's Roundabout Policy**

## **Chief Engineer's policy TOPPS 4A-2**

- Encourages roundabouts as intersection alternative
- Only single lane roundabouts (considering multi-lane)
- Total ADTs no higher than 20,000 vehicles per day
- Balance of mainline traffic to side-street traffic
- Must be approved by the State Traffic Engineer
- Created December 2004, Modified March 2008





### **Dawson County**

**Dawson Forrest Rd @ Lumpkin Campground Rd** 





## Douglas County SR 5 @ SR 166





## Hall County – Gainesville College Landrum Education Dr @ Frontage Rd / Mathis Dr





## **Monroe County**

- SR 7/US 341 @ SR 74
- Let to Construction July 2008







#### •Others installed without the Department's help

- DeKalb County
- Rockdale County
- St. Simons Island
- Gwinnett County
- Bulloch County



## **69 Roundabouts Under Consideration**

- 23 in District 3
- 13 in District 6
- 11 in District 1
- 10 in District 4

- 7 in District 2
- 4 in District 7
- 1 in District 5



# What is the public response to roundabouts?

## **NCHRP Synthesis 264**

Attitude	Before Construction	After Construction
• Very Negative	23%	00%
Negative	45%	00%
• Neutral	18%	27%
Positive	14%	41%
Very Positive	0%	32%



# What is the public response to roundabouts?

Surveys in Kansas, Maryland and Nevada ITE Journal Sept 2002

Attitude	Before Construction	After Construction
• Very Negative	41%	15%
• Negative	14%	13%
• Neutral	14%	9%
• Positive	15%	31%
Very Positive	16%	32%



## **Sometimes it takes perseverance!**



**Photo source: NYSDOT** 



## **Project Costs for Roundabouts**

#### **Dawson County**

Dawson Forrest Rd @ Lumpkin Campground Rd PE: \$ 13,005 ROW: \$ 309,150 (local) CST: \$ 628,285 **Total** 

#### Total: \$950,575

#### **Douglas County**

SR 5 @ SR 166 PE: \$ 146,048 ROW: \$ 261,900 CST: \$ 1,048,887

Total: \$1,456,835

#### Monroe County SR 7 / US 341 @ SR 74 Let to Construction July 2008 PE: \$ 108,438 ROW: \$ 124,000 CST: \$ 2,571,941

#### Total: \$2,804,379



Before and After Study for 2 Roundabouts in Georgia Before Studies performed 12-31-2003:

Dawson County Dawson Forrest Rd @ Lumpkin Campground Rd

Douglas County SR 5 @ SR 166

After studies can be performed now that the roundabouts have been in long enough to collect good data.



# Roundabouts under consideration: by Congressional District

Congressional	# U	Inder
District	Co	nsideration
	1	15 A. T. 18
1	1	Berrien
2	6	Brooks, Crisp, Dougherty, Fayette, Peach, Randolph
3	12	Carroll(2), Coweta(7), Fayette, Henry, Pike
4	1	Rockdale
6	3	Cherokee(3)
7	2	Gwinnett(2)
8	16	Ben Hill, Bibb(2), Butts(4), Colquitt(2), Monroe(4), Tift(2), Twiggs
9	8	Dawson(2), Fannin, Hall(2), Lumpkin, Pickens, Whitfield
10	5	Franklin, Habersham, Hart, Jackson, Richmond
11	5	Bartow(3), Paulding(2)
12	7	Baldwin, Effingham, Emanuel, Hancock, Jefferson(2) Screven
13	3	Douglas(2), Fulton (John's Creek)



# Questions

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